



# **Delaware River Basin Commission**

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DELAWARE • NEW JERSEY  
PENNSYLVANIA • NEW YORK  
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

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**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH  
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

**YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

**ZELENKOFESKE AXELROD LLC  
Jamison, Pennsylvania**

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Commissioners  
Delaware River Basin Commission

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delaware River Basin Commission (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended at June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commission as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

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## ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual, schedule of Commission's proportionate share of net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of the Commission's contributions pension plan, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the Commission's contributions OPEB plan, and schedule of investment returns on OPEB plan on pages 4 through 8, and 43 through 49 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the



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methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, (Uniform Guidance), statistical section and supplemental schedules are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, statistical section and supplemental schedules is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2022 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



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## **Adoptions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Pronouncements**

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2022 the Commission adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, and Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

*Zelenkofske Axlerod LLC*

ZELENKOFKSKE AXELROD LLC

Jamison, Pennsylvania  
December 22, 2022

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

## Who We Are

The Delaware River Basin Commission was formed in 1961 by compact agreement among the United States Government and the States of Delaware, New Jersey, New York and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (signatory parties) for the purpose of developing and implementing plans, policies and projects relating to the water resources of the Delaware River Basin. Commission programs include water quality protection, water supply allocation, regulatory review, water conservation initiatives, watershed planning, drought management, flood loss reduction and recreation.

## Overview

Our discussion and analysis provide an overview of the Commission's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements.

## Financial Highlights

- The Commission's governmental activities net position is a deficit of \$3,946,291 as of June 30, 2022, an increase of \$2,472,107.
- The total cost of the Commission's governmental programs and projects was \$6,531,466.
- The Commission's business-type net position stands at \$21,188,180 as of June 30, 2022, a decrease of \$3,736,323.

## Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The *Statement of Net Position* (p. 10) and the *Statement of Activities* (p. 11) provide information about the activities of the Commission as a whole and present a long-term view of the Commission's finances.

*Governmental Fund* financial statements start at pages 12-14. These statements tell how governmental activities were financed in the short-term. Proprietary fund financial statements are on pages 15-17 and are reported on the full accrual basis of accounting.

## Reporting the Commission as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities-

One of the most important questions asked about the Commission's finances is, "Is the Commission better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the Commission in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include *all* assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Commission's net position and changes in them. You can think of the Commission's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the Commission's financial health, or financial position. Over time the increases or decreases in the Commission's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader should consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as the funding commitments of the States and Federal Government who contribute a significant portion of the funding for the Commission's governmental activities.

All references to government-wide statements include both governmental activities and business-type activities. In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we divide the Commission into two kinds of activities: governmental and business-type.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)  
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

- *Governmental activities*-Most of the Commission's basic services are reported here including general government and administration, Water Resource Management, Science and Water Quality Management, Water Resource Operations and special projects. The signatory parties along with project-specific grants finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities*-The Commission provides water storage in two federal facilities at Beltzville and Blue Marsh Lakes. The Commission has agreed to reimburse the federal government for the construction costs of these facilities. Costs associated with the operation, maintenance and debt service for these facilities as well as conservation, demand and administrative costs are reported here. The Commission has a fee structure that is applied to certain post-compact surface water users in the basin.

### **Reporting the Commission's Most Significant Funds**

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the Commission as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by generally accepted accounting principles. However, the Commission establishes some funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes such as special projects or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money.

The Commission's two kinds of funds-governmental and proprietary-use different accounting approaches.

*Governmental funds*-the Commission's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Commission's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Commission's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation schedule at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

*Proprietary funds*-the Commission levies a fee on various entities in the basin for their consumptive and non-consumptive use of surface water. These revenues are reported in the proprietary fund. Costs associated with water storage facilities, water conservation and demand activities and related administrative activities are also reported in the proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. In fact, the Commission's proprietary fund is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

### **The Commission as Trustee**

#### Reporting the Commission's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The Commission is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' retirement health care benefit plan. It is also responsible for other assets that – because of a trust arrangement – can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Commission's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 18 and 19. We exclude these activities from the Commission's other financial statements because the Commission cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Commission is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)  
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

**The Commission as a Whole**

As of June 30, 2022, the net positions of the governmental and business-type activities total (\$3,946,291) and \$21,188,180 respectively. An increase of \$2,472,107 in net assets resulted from governmental activities, and a decrease of \$3,736,323 in net assets resulted from business activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Net position is classified into three categories: unrestricted, restricted and net investment in capital assets. For the year ending June 30, 2022, the governmental activities' equity invested in capital assets decreased by \$12,393. This decrease represents the difference between capitalized costs and depreciation charges during the fiscal year. General fund restricted fund balance stands at \$0, no change from the prior fiscal year. General fund committed fund balance stands at \$500,000, an increase of \$500,000 from the prior year. This is due to the upcoming retirement payouts and the implementation of a new chiller.

**Governmental Activities**

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, revenues, excluding inter-fund transfers, increased by \$536,331, approximately 11% higher than the prior fiscal year. Project Review Fees were \$460,341, an increase of \$67,875. Annual Fee revenue was \$761,538, a decrease of \$10,425. Signatory Contribution revenue increased \$200,000 from the prior year. Revenue from Special Projects was \$292,658 less than the prior fiscal year.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$4,795,698. The portion of this cost that was paid by signatory contributions was \$1,916,500 with the balance of costs being funded by grants, fees, miscellaneous income and interfund transfers.

**Business-Type Activities**

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, water sales revenues increased \$93,271, 3.2%, to \$2,995,965. This is mainly due to a rate increase effective July 1, 2021. Operating expenses were \$1,752,509, up \$83,123 mainly due to increased contractual services. Net operating transfers out were \$1,846,254, up \$46,561 from fiscal 2021. Non-operating revenues were (\$3,133,525), down \$6,478,843 from fiscal 2021 mainly due to investment gains and income. These items are responsible for net income of (\$3,736,323) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, \$6,515,256 less than fiscal 2021.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)  
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

**The Commission's Funds**

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 the Commission's governmental funds reported a combined total of \$5,421,603 in fund balance, an increase of \$736,339 from fiscal 2021.

The unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2022 is \$4,921,603, an increase of \$236,339. The following table compares the components of fund balance at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021:

	FY22	FY21	Change
Assigned for Vacation and Compensatory Time	300,000	-	300,000
Assigned for Complete Special Projects	200,000	-	200,000
Unassigned	4,921,603	4,685,264	236,339
<b>Total Fund Balance</b>	<b>\$ 5,421,603</b>	<b>\$ 4,685,264</b>	<b>\$ 736,339</b>

Special project revenues were \$2,227,351, \$292,658 more than fiscal 2021. During the fiscal year 2022, the Commission was awarded with two new funds: NFWF DWCF 2022 and PA Sea Level Rise renewal. The revenues from these 2 grants were \$221,045 and \$26,097, respectively.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 has not been amended since its original adoption. For fiscal 2022 the Commission reported a total favorable budget variance of \$736,339.

Notable revenue variances include an unfavorable variance of \$715,000 in federal revenue and a \$177,679 favorable variance in regulatory program fees.

Notable expense variances include favorable personal services and fringe benefits variances of \$579,769 and \$535,591 due to more grant work and delays in filling vacancies. The favorable expense variance in building and grounds of \$255,588 is due to building improvements that were not undertaken. Overall there is a favorable expense variance of \$1,735,004.

There is an unfavorable variance in transfers in of \$462,830. Transfers out were favorable by \$37,365. In total, net transfers were worse than budget by \$425,465.

**Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2022, the Commission reported \$2,966,923 in capital assets net of depreciation. Capital assets include equipment, furniture, building, building improvements and the Commission's share of construction costs for two federal water storage facilities: Beltzville Lake and Bluemarsh Lake.

**Debt**

As of June 30, 2022, the Commission had \$19,865,502 in long-term debt outstanding. This can be broken down into six categories:

- \$7,091,469 for loans due to the Army Corps of Engineers for construction of water storage facilities
- \$4,772,765 as a net pension liability plus \$3,587,522 in deferred inflows related to the pension liability (see footnote 6)
- \$465,636 for employees accrued leave time

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)  
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2022

- Net OPEB Liability of \$1,142,070 plus \$2,781,598 in deferred OPEB Inflows related to the OPEB liability (see footnote 7)
- \$24,442 for equipment leases

**Economic Conditions and Outlook**

Significant factors that have had and will continue to have an impact on the financial resources available to the Commission are the level of signatory party contributions, the liability for pension benefits and the liability for other post-employment benefits.

Signatory party contributions represent a major source of funding for the Commission's governmental activities. The 100-year compact stipulates that the five signatory parties agree to support the Commission's annual budget. The federal government adhered to this legislative obligation for 36 years, paying its fair share of the Commission's annual operating budget.

A major issue has been the elimination of the federal signatory contribution in 1997. Since then, the federal government has provided a signatory contribution to the Commission only for the federal fiscal year ending September 30, 2009. As of June 30, 2022, the cumulative federal shortfall totals \$17.1 million. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 the Commission did not receive a signatory contribution from the federal government.

The Commission continues its efforts to restore and maintain federal funding, as well as full fair share of all of its signatory members.

For projects subject to regulatory review by both the DRBC and a basin state, the Commission has established a One Process/One Permit program to provide administrative agreement for the issuance of a single approval instrument, incorporating the applicable requirements of the two authorities.

To implement the One Process/One Permit program, the Commission entered into administrative agreements with the States of New Jersey and New York in March 2015 and March 2016, respectively.

The Commission had entered into administrative agreements with the State of Delaware and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in May 2013 and August 1976 respectively, that are not under the One Process/One Permit program.

**Contacting the Commission**

The financial report is designed to provide our customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and to demonstrate the Commission's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Delaware River Basin Commission's Director of Finance and Administration, P.O Box 7360, West Trenton, NJ 08628-0360.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
			June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
<b>Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,446,721	\$ 445,790	\$ 3,892,511	\$ 4,347,189
Investments	1,994,535	26,850,312	28,844,847	31,843,132
Receivables (Net)				
Due From Other Governments	1,167,472	-	1,167,472	651,177
Interest	-	123,732	123,732	98,337
Water Supply Charges	-	739,885	739,885	752,746
Other Assets	54,113	18,900	73,013	257,806
Capital Assets (Net)	993,419	1,973,504	2,966,923	3,287,107
Total Assets	<u>7,656,260</u>	<u>30,152,123</u>	<u>37,808,383</u>	<u>41,237,494</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>				
Deferred Outflows of Resources for Pension	1,359,269	-	1,359,269	1,384,792
Deferred Outflows of Resources for OPEB	902,977	-	902,977	1,223,806
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 2,262,246</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,262,246</u>	<u>\$ 2,608,598</u>
<b>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position:</b>				
Accounts Payable	\$ 504,343	\$ 784,413	\$ 1,288,756	\$ 1,146,630
Accrued Interest	-	117,681	117,681	130,000
Interfunds	(960,714)	960,714	-	-
Employee Compensation and Benefits	122,337	-	122,337	161,207
Advances	1,049,220	-	1,049,220	951,132
Deferred Revenue	385,244	-	385,244	379,382
Long Term Liabilities:				
Accrued Leave Time	455,970	9,666	465,636	449,077
Net OPEB Liability	1,142,070	-	1,142,070	3,185,637
Net Pension Liability	4,772,765	-	4,772,765	6,021,310
Lease Obligation	24,442	-	24,442	39,845
Due to US Army Corps of Engineers				
Due Within One Year	-	617,735	617,735	597,350
Due in More Than One Year	-	6,473,734	6,473,734	7,091,468
Total Liabilities	<u>7,495,677</u>	<u>8,963,943</u>	<u>16,459,620</u>	<u>20,153,038</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Deferred Inflows of Resources for OPEB	2,781,598	-	2,781,598	1,675,782
Deferred Inflows of Resources for Pension	3,587,522	-	3,587,522	3,511,167
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>6,369,120</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,369,120</u>	<u>5,186,949</u>
<b>Net Position (Deficit)</b>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	968,977	(5,117,965)	(4,148,988)	(4,441,555)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(4,915,268)	26,306,145	21,390,877	22,947,660
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$ (3,946,291)</u>	<u>\$ 21,188,180</u>	<u>\$ 17,241,889</u>	<u>\$ 18,506,105</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021)

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position			
			Charges for Services/Usage	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Primary government:								
General government	\$ 1,388,496	\$ (1,942,692)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 554,196	\$ -	\$ 554,196	\$ 37,845
Water Resource Management	639,326	364,526	1,221,879	-	218,027	-	218,027	327,920
Science and Water Quality Management	467,536	266,576	-	-	(734,112)	-	(734,112)	(514,728)
Water Resource Operations	227,902	129,943	-	-	(357,845)	-	(357,845)	(299,435)
Special projects	2,072,438	1,181,647	-	2,227,351	(1,026,734)	-	(1,026,734)	(1,425,416)
Total Governmental Activities	4,795,698	-	1,221,879	2,227,351	(1,346,468)	-	(1,346,468)	(1,873,814)
Business-Type Activities:								
Water Supply Storage Facilities	2,011,921	-	2,995,965	-	-	984,044	984,044	955,091
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 6,807,619</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,217,844</u>	<u>\$ 2,227,351</u>	<u>(1,346,468)</u>	<u>984,044</u>	<u>(362,424)</u>	<u>(918,723)</u>
General revenues:								
Grants and contributions not restricted to special programs					1,916,500	-	1,916,500	1,716,500
Investment earnings					24,664	(2,874,113)	(2,849,449)	3,643,664
Miscellaneous income					31,157	-	31,157	48,969
Transfers					1,846,254	(1,846,254)	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers					3,818,575	(4,720,367)	(901,792)	5,409,133
Change in net position					2,472,107	(3,736,323)	(1,264,216)	4,490,410
Net Position (Deficit)-Beginning of Year					(6,418,398)	24,924,503	18,506,105	14,015,695
Net Position (Deficit)-End of Year					<u>\$ (3,946,291)</u>	<u>\$ 21,188,180</u>	<u>\$ 17,241,889</u>	<u>\$ 18,506,105</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
BALANCE SHEET  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

	General Fund	Special Projects Fund	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
			June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,737,871	\$ 708,850	\$ 3,446,721	\$ 3,509,755
Investments	1,994,535	-	1,994,535	1,994,956
Accounts Receivable	119,048	1,048,424	1,167,472	651,177
Due From Other Funds	1,432,060	-	1,432,060	757,757
Other Assets	39,713	14,400	54,113	232,656
Total Assets	<u>\$ 6,323,227</u>	<u>\$ 1,771,674</u>	<u>\$ 8,094,901</u>	<u>\$ 7,146,301</u>
<b>Liabilities and Fund Balances:</b>				
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	274,043	\$ 230,300	\$ 504,343	\$ 480,547
Employee Compensation and Benefits	122,337	-	122,337	161,207
Advances	-	1,049,220	1,049,220	951,132
Due To Other Funds	-	471,346	471,346	349,091
Deferred Revenue	385,244	-	385,244	379,382
Accrued Vacation and Sick Time	120,000	20,808	140,808	139,678
Total Liabilities	<u>901,624</u>	<u>1,771,674</u>	<u>2,673,298</u>	<u>2,461,037</u>
<b>Fund Balances:</b>				
<b>Committed:</b>				
Complete Special Projects	300,000	-	300,000	-
Vacation and Compensatory Time	200,000	-	200,000	-
Unassigned	4,921,603	-	4,921,603	4,685,264
Total Fund Balances	<u>5,421,603</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,421,603</u>	<u>4,685,264</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 6,323,227</u>	<u>\$ 1,771,674</u>	<u>\$ 8,094,901</u>	<u>\$ 7,146,301</u>
Governmental Fund Balance:			5,421,603	4,685,264
Total Net Position Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is Different Because:				
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are Not Financial Resources and Therefore are Not Reported in the Funds.			993,419	1,021,214
Long-Term Liabilities are Not Due and Payable in the Current Period and Therefore are Not Reported in the Funds.			(339,604)	(339,578)
Net OPEB Liability, net of related deferred inflows and outflows of resources			(3,020,691)	(3,637,613)
Net Pension Liability, net of related deferred inflows and outflows of resources			(7,001,018)	(8,147,685)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities			<u>\$ (3,946,291)</u>	<u>\$ (6,418,398)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021)

	General Fund	Special Projects Fund	(Totals Memorandum Only)	
			June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Signatory Party Contributions:				
State of Delaware	\$ 447,000	\$ -	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000
State of New Jersey	893,000	-	893,000	693,000
State of New York	359,500	-	359,500	359,500
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	217,000	132,999	349,999	353,634
Federal Government United States	-	648,706	648,706	681,560
Sale of Publications	576	-	576	919
Regulatory Program Fees	1,221,879	-	1,221,879	1,164,429
Investment Income	24,664	-	24,664	20,129
Compliance Revenue and Other Income	30,081	1,445,646	1,475,727	1,164,549
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>3,193,700</b>	<b>2,227,351</b>	<b>5,421,051</b>	<b>4,884,720</b>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Personnel Services	2,299,531	820,130	3,119,661	2,887,136
Special and Contractual Services	415,909	783,189	1,199,098	1,166,778
Other Services	242,696	10,577	253,273	227,595
Supplies and Materials	77,387	10,829	88,216	51,056
Buildings and Grounds	151,112	1,953	153,065	125,599
Communications	50,548	6,194	56,742	69,393
Travel	23,458	7,707	31,165	7,314
Maintenance, Replacements, Acquisitions and Rentals	117,966	167	118,133	59,043
Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions	1,114,889	397,224	1,512,113	1,443,771
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>4,493,496</b>	<b>2,037,970</b>	<b>6,531,466</b>	<b>6,037,685</b>
<b>Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues</b>	<b>(1,299,796)</b>	<b>189,381</b>	<b>(1,110,415)</b>	<b>(1,152,965)</b>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Capital lease proceeds	-	-	-	22,973
Gain on asset disposal	500	-	500	-
Operating Transfers In	2,504,470	468,835	2,973,305	3,185,258
Operating Transfers Out	(468,835)	(658,216)	(1,127,051)	(1,385,565)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources, Net</b>	<b>2,036,135</b>	<b>(189,381)</b>	<b>1,846,754</b>	<b>1,822,666</b>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	<b>736,339</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>736,339</b>	<b>669,701</b>
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	4,685,264	-	4,685,264	4,015,563
<b>Fund Balances-End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 5,421,603</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 5,421,603</b>	<b>\$ 4,685,264</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2021)

	2022	2021
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 736,339	\$ 669,701
<p>The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:</p>		
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is amortized over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation \$121,656 exceeds purchases of capital assets of \$93,861 in the current period.</p>	(27,795)	(96,558)
Repayments on a capital lease liability that are not reported in the Statement of Activities.	15,403	16,695
Capital lease proceeds	-	(22,973)
Repayment of compensated absences is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is not reported in the statement of activities.	(15,429)	(69,147)
Repayment of the liability for early retirement is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is not reported in the statement of activities.	-	1,297
Effect of pension and OPEB adjustments	1,763,589	1,212,462
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,472,107	\$ 1,711,477

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
PROPRIETARY FUND  
JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

	Business-Type		Totals	
	Activities		(Memorandum Only)	
	Enterprise Fund		June 30	June 30,
	Water Supply		2022	2021
	Storage Facilities			
<b>Assets</b>				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 445,790		\$ 445,790	\$ 837,434
Investments	26,850,312		26,850,312	29,848,176
Interest Receivable	123,732		123,732	98,337
Water Supply Charges Receivables (Net)	739,885		739,885	752,746
Prepaid Expenses	18,900		18,900	25,150
Total Current Assets	<u>28,178,619</u>		<u>28,178,619</u>	<u>31,561,843</u>
Noncurrent Assets:				
Land, Building and Improvements (Net)	1,973,230		1,973,230	2,265,560
Furniture and Equipment (Net)	274		274	333
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>1,973,504</u>		<u>1,973,504</u>	<u>2,265,893</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 30,152,123</u>		<u>\$ 30,152,123</u>	<u>\$ 33,827,736</u>
<b>Liabilities and Net Position</b>				
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$ 784,413		\$ 784,413	\$ 666,083
Accrued Interest	117,681		117,681	130,000
Due to US Army Corps of Engineers	617,735		617,735	597,350
Due to other fund	960,714		960,714	408,666
Total Current Liabilities	<u>2,480,543</u>		<u>2,480,543</u>	<u>1,802,099</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Accrued Vacation and Sick Time	9,666		9,666	9,666
Early Retirement Program	-		-	-
Due to US Army Corps of Engineers	6,473,734		6,473,734	7,091,468
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>6,483,400</u>		<u>6,483,400</u>	<u>7,101,134</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>8,963,943</u>		<u>8,963,943</u>	<u>8,903,233</u>
<b>Net Position</b>				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(5,117,965)		(5,117,965)	(5,422,925)
Unrestricted	26,306,145		26,306,145	30,347,428
Total Net Position	<u>21,188,180</u>		<u>21,188,180</u>	<u>24,924,503</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$ 30,152,123</u>		<u>\$ 30,152,123</u>	<u>\$ 33,827,736</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION  
PROPRIETARY FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021)

	Business-Type Activities	Totals	
	Enterprise Fund	(Memorandum Only)	
	Water Supply Storage Facility	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Operating Revenue:			
Charges for Services:			
Water Supply Charges	\$ 2,995,965	\$ 2,995,965	\$ 2,902,694
Total Operating Revenue	<u>2,995,965</u>	<u>2,995,965</u>	<u>2,902,694</u>
Operating Expenses:			
Special and Contractual Services	1,434,970	1,434,970	1,287,269
Other Services	25,150	25,150	25,150
Depreciation	292,389	292,389	356,967
Total Operating Expenses	<u>1,752,509</u>	<u>1,752,509</u>	<u>1,669,386</u>
Operating Income	<u>1,243,456</u>	<u>1,243,456</u>	<u>1,233,308</u>
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest Income	705,360	705,360	482,396
Realized Gain on Sales of Investments	832,913	832,913	419,134
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	(4,412,386)	(4,412,386)	2,722,005
Interest Expense	(259,412)	(259,412)	(278,217)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	<u>(3,133,525)</u>	<u>(3,133,525)</u>	<u>3,345,318</u>
Net Income Before Operating Transfers	(1,890,069)	(1,890,069)	4,578,626
Net Operating Transfers (Out)	<u>(1,846,254)</u>	<u>(1,846,254)</u>	<u>(1,799,693)</u>
Change in Net Position	(3,736,323)	(3,736,323)	2,778,933
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	24,924,503	24,924,503	22,145,570
Total Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$ 21,188,180</u>	<u>\$ 21,188,180</u>	<u>\$ 24,924,503</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
PROPRIETARY FUND  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021)

	Business-Type Activities	Totals	
	Enterprise Fund	(Memorandum Only)	
	Water Supply Storage Facilities	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Water Supply Charges	\$ 3,008,827	\$ 3,008,827	\$ 2,911,847
Payments to Vendors and Suppliers	(1,360,020)	(1,360,020)	(1,037,820)
Net Cash Provided by Operations	<u>1,648,807</u>	<u>1,648,807</u>	<u>1,874,027</u>
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Operating Transfers to Other Funds	(1,846,254)	(1,846,254)	(1,799,693)
Net Cash Used in Noncapital Financing Activities	<u>(1,846,254)</u>	<u>(1,846,254)</u>	<u>(1,799,693)</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Interest Paid	(271,731)	(271,731)	(439,561)
Interfund Payable	552,047	552,047	408,666
Principal Received	-	-	-
Principal Paid	(589,412)	(589,412)	(730,699)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(309,096)</u>	<u>(309,096)</u>	<u>(761,594)</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest Received	679,964	679,964	487,314
Sale (Purchase) of Investments, Net	(565,065)	(565,065)	(580,413)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	<u>114,899</u>	<u>114,899</u>	<u>(93,099)</u>
Net Increase/( Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(391,644)	(391,644)	(780,359)
Cash and Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Year	837,434	837,434	1,617,793
Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Year	<u>\$ 445,790</u>	<u>\$ 445,790</u>	<u>\$ 837,434</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating income	\$ 1,243,456	\$ 1,243,456	\$ 1,233,308
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation and Net Amortization	292,389	292,389	356,967
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:			
Decrease in Accounts Receivable	12,862	12,862	9,153
(Increase) in Prepaid Expenses	6,250	6,250	(10,537)
Increase in Accounts Payable	93,850	93,850	285,136
Total Adjustments	<u>405,351</u>	<u>405,351</u>	<u>640,719</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 1,648,807</u>	<u>\$ 1,648,807</u>	<u>\$ 1,874,027</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  
 FIDUCIARY FUND  
 JUNE 30, 2022  
 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021)

	Component Unit	
	OPEB Trust Fund	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Assets		
Investments	\$ 3,995,699	\$ 4,528,094
Total Assets	\$ 3,995,699	\$ 4,528,094
Net Position Held in trust for OPEB Health Benefits	\$ 3,995,699	\$ 4,528,094

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  
FIDUCIARY FUND  
FOR THE YEAR JUNE 30, 2022  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2021)

	Component Unit	
	OPEB Trust Fund	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Additions		
Investment Income (Loss)	\$ (532,395)	\$ 954,270
Employer Contributions	-	44,141
Total Additions	(532,395)	998,411
Net Increase (Decrease)	(532,395)	998,411
Net Position Held in trust for OPEB health benefits		
Beginning of Year	4,528,094	3,529,683
End of Year	\$ 3,995,699	\$ 4,528,094

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Entity

The Delaware River Basin Commission (the "Commission") was formed in 1961 by agreement among the U.S. Government and the States of Delaware, New Jersey, New York, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of developing and implementing plans, policies, and projects relating to the water resources of the Delaware River Basin.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the Commission, the results of operations of the Commission and the various funds and fund types, and the cash flows of the proprietary fund. The financial statements are presented as of June 30, 2022 and for the year then ended.

A) Reporting Entity

Government accounting principles require the financial reporting entity to include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations, for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Commission has one Fiduciary Component Unit.

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by signatory and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are financed by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Signatory revenues and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental fund, the proprietary fund, and the fiduciary fund. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Nature of Entity (Continued)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Commission considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 365 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred except debt service and net pension and OPEB liabilities, as under accrual accounting. Signatory revenues, operating grants, capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when the Commission receives cash.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt issuance are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Commission reports the following governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues of this fund are primarily derived from signatory revenues, state and federal grants, and fees for services. Many of the basic activities of the Commission are accounted for in this fund, including the daily operations of the Commission.
- The Special Projects Fund is used to account for specific revenue sources related to the provisions imposed by outside agencies or the Commission for services that are restricted to expenditures for those specified purposes.

The Commission's Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund is a proprietary fund. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary fund is presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary fund is presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on its statement of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

The Commission's OPEB Trust Fund is a fiduciary fund component unit. The fiduciary fund is used to account for assets held by the Commission as trustee for and on behalf of individuals. The fiduciary fund consists of the Commission's OPEB plan for its employees. The Trust Fund is included in the financial reporting entity as a fiduciary fund because the Trust Fund is (1) considered to be a separate legal entity, (2) The Commission's Commissioners functions as the governing board of the Trust Fund, and (3) the Trust Fund imposes a financial burden on the Commission as it is legally obligating to make contributions to the Trust Fund.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than an expense.



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 31, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Based on the accounting and reporting standards set forth in GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the Commission has opted to apply only the accounting and reporting pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) on or before November 30, 1989 for business-type activities and enterprise funds.

The Commission reports the following major proprietary fund:

- The Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund is used to account for the operations of the Water Storage Facility that is financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises-where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and cost reimbursement plans.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use unrestricted resources first, then restricted resources as they are needed for their intended purposes.

The financial statements include certain prior year summarized comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, from which the summarized information was derived.

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Commission considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "Due From (To) Other Funds."

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
 JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position (Continued)

3. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$500 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital asset of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following intended useful lives:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	40 to 60
Furniture and Equipment	3 to 20
Water Supply Storage Facilities	50

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable have been reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

6. Accrued Vacation and Sick Time

The Commission had a liability of \$465,636 representing vacation and sick time earned by employees as of June 30, 2022. Of this amount, \$455,970 is reported as a liability of Governmental activities and \$9,666 is shown as a liability of Business-Type activities. In the government funds – balance sheet, liabilities of \$120,000 and \$20,808 were reflected in the General Fund and Special Projects Fund, respectively. In the Proprietary Fund Type Statements of Net Position, a liability of \$9,666 is reflected for its portion of accrued vacation and sick time.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position.

8. Advances

Advances reported in government-wide financial statements represent deferred revenues. The advances will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Advances reported in governmental fund financial statements represent deferred revenues or revenues which are measurable but not available and, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported as advances. The Commission deems revenue received within 365 days of the year end to be available.

9. Net Position/Fund Balances

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation, classified as follows:

- *Net Investment in Capital Assets* – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- *Restricted Net Position* – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted Net Position* – This category represents net position of the Commission, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

The Commission has established a policy of classifying fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 as follows:

- *Committed Fund Balance* – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Commission itself, using the highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commission takes the highest level action to remove or change the constraint. Presently amounts are committed for early retirement liabilities and new chiller.
- *Assigned Fund Balance* – amounts the Commission intends to use for a specific purpose.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position (Continued)

9. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

- Unassigned Fund Balance – amounts that are available for any purpose. These amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Management of the Commission has the authority to express intended use of resources in the assignment of fund balance, whereas a Commission resolution is required to express intended use of resources that results in a commitment of fund balance.

10. Interfund Transactions

Quasi external transactions are accounted for as revenue, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi external transactions and reimbursements, are recorded as transfers.

11. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources (expense/revenue) until then.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are described further in Notes 6 and 7. The components of pension deferred outflows of resources are amortized into pension expense over a 6.44 year closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) members beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs (current year). The components of deferred inflows, are amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs (current year).

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position (Continued)

13. OPEB

For purposes of measuring net OPEB liability, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trust Fund and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined based on an actuarial valuation. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employer contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

14. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

15. Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The Commission adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*.

The Commission adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 89 *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*.

The Commission adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 92 *Omnibus 2020*.

The adoption of these GASB Statements did not result in modification of previously reported amounts.

16. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The Commission is required to adopt Statement No. 91 for its fiscal year 2023 statements.

In March of 2020, the GASB issued statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement is required to be adopted by the Commission for the year ending June 30, 2023.

In May of 2020, the GASB issued statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement is required to be adopted by the Commission for the year ending June 30, 2023.

In April 2022 the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The Commission is required to adopt Statement No. 99 for its fiscal year 2023 statements.

In June 2022 the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB Statement No 62*. The Commission is required to adopt Statement No. 100 for its fiscal year 2024 statements.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

16. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The Commission is required to adopt Statement No. 101 for its fiscal year 2025 statements.

The Commission has not yet completed the various analysis required to estimate the financial statement impact of these new pronouncements.

NOTE 2: BUDGETS

The Commission's funds are under formal budgetary control as required by management of the Commission. The budget reflected in the financial statements was prepared generally on the same basis used to account for actual results and consists of those amounts contained in the formal budget, as approved and amended by the Delaware River Basin Board of Commissioners.

NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The Commission has a written investment policy for the General Fund, Special Projects Fund, the Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund, and Integral Part Trust (for OPEBs). The policy provides guidance on the scope, general objectives, standards of care, safekeeping and custody, suitable and authorized investments, investment parameters, reporting and policy considerations, prohibited types of transactions and collateralization.

The policy provides for the General and Special Projects Funds the following authorized investments:

- A) U.S. government obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, and U.S. government instrumentality obligations, which have a liquid market with a readily determinable market value;
- B) Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at financial institutions, bankers' acceptances, and commercial paper, rated in the highest tier (e.g., A-1, P-1, F-1 or D-1);
- C) Investment grade obligations of the Compact Signatories; and
- D) Local government investment pools, either state administered or administered through joint power statutes and other intergovernmental agreement legislation.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The policy provides for the Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund that the target asset allocation will be 30% (+/-5%) allocated to equities and 70% (+/-5%) to fixed income securities and money market investments, and that the portfolio should be rebalanced to fall within the investment target at a minimum of every six (6) months.

Additionally, the Commissioners have authorized the Executive Director to utilize the services of professional asset managers. The Commission has retained the firms of Truist Advisory Services and Wilmington Trust Investment Management, LLC. These firms are currently managing the assets of the Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund that are in the Commission's name and in the custody of National Financial Services, the Institutional arm of Fidelity and Wilmington Trust Company, respectively, consistent with the Commission's investment policy.

The following table shows the cash and investments of the Commission as of June 30, 2022 at fair value:

	General Fund	Special Projects Fund	Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund	OPEB Trust Fund	Totals
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Cash on Hand	\$ 202	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 202
Cash - Wells Fargo Bank	826,313	(333,986)	6,573	-	498,900
Cash Equivalents - New Jersey Cash Management Fund	1,911,356	1,042,836	6,648	-	2,960,840
Cash Equivalents - Truist Investment Services	-	-	65,706	-	65,706
Cash Equivalents - Wilmington Trust Company	-	-	366,863	-	366,863
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>2,737,871</u>	<u>708,850</u>	<u>445,790</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,892,511</u>
Investments:					
Federal Obligations - Wells Fargo Investments	1,994,535	-	-	-	1,994,535
Federal Obligations - Truist Investment Services	-	-	2,193,436	-	2,193,436
Corporate Obligations - Truist Investment Services	-	-	7,226,044	-	7,226,044
Equities - Truist Investment Services	-	-	3,899,753	-	3,899,753
Subtotal Truist Investment Services	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,319,233</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,319,233</u>
Federal Obligations - Wilmington Trust Company	-	-	6,434,654	-	6,434,654
Corporate Obligations - Wilmington Trust Company	-	-	2,438,377	-	2,438,377
Equities - Wilmington Trust Company	-	-	4,658,048	-	4,658,048
Subtotal Wilmington Trust Company	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,531,079</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,531,079</u>
Government Securities- Vantagepoint OPEB Trust	-	-	-	1,358,538	1,358,538
Equities - Vantagepoint OPEB Trust	-	-	-	2,637,161	2,637,161
Subtotal Vantagepoint OPEB Trust	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,995,699</u>	<u>3,995,699</u>
Total Investments	<u>1,994,535</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>26,850,312</u>	<u>3,995,699</u>	<u>32,840,546</u>
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	<u>\$ 4,732,406</u>	<u>\$ 708,850</u>	<u>\$ 27,296,102</u>	<u>\$ 3,995,699</u>	<u>\$ 36,733,057</u>

Cash held at Wells Fargo Bank was in the name of the Commission and secured by a tri-party collateralization agreement. The collateral is held by the Bank of New York and is not in the Commission's name.

The New Jersey Cash Management Fund is a pooled fund managed by the State of New Jersey, and is neither insured by a third party or collateralized.

Truist Investment Services cash equivalents are invested in a short-term Federal Government obligations fund.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Wilmington Trust Company cash equivalents are invested in a short-term fund comprised of both federal and corporate securities of the highest rating.

The following table shows the fair value of federal, state, municipal and corporate obligations held by maturity range of June 30, 2022:

	Corporate Obligations	Federal Obligations	Total
Maturity:			
Less than 1 year	\$ 1,049,821	\$ 2,528,129	\$ 3,577,950
1 to 5 years	5,080,768	5,769,130	10,849,898
5 to 10 years	3,533,832	2,325,366	5,859,198
Totals	<u>\$9,664,421</u>	<u>\$10,622,625</u>	<u>\$20,287,046</u>

The following table displays the fair value of corporate obligations, by Standard & Poor's rating as of June 30, 2022:

Corporate Obligations		
A1	\$ 619,184	6.41%
A2	2,708,869	28.03%
A3	1,736,931	17.97%
AAA	121,146	1.25%
AA2	82,072	0.85%
AA3	288,592	2.99%
BAA1	2,531,226	26.19%
BAA2	1,146,622	11.86%
BAA3	303,696	3.14%
WR	14,899	0.15%
N/A	111,184	1.15%
Totals	<u>\$9,664,421</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Equity Investments and Mutual Funds held by Truist Investment Services, Wilmington Trust Company (for the Commission's account with Wilmington Trust Investment Management Company, LLC) and ICMA-RC are unsecured and subject to market risk. They are all reported at fair value and are actively traded. They are all Level I investments.

Investment Interest Rate Risks – Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Commission's Investments in debt obligations will decline due to changes in interest rates. The Commission's investment policy seeks to minimize interest rate risk by:

- a) Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- b) Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investments pools.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depositary insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized. The Commission's investment policy seeks to minimize custodial credit risk by:

- a) Limiting investments to the safest types of securities.
- b) Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries and advisers with which the Commission will do business.
- c) Diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

The Commission maintains several bank accounts at Wells Fargo Bank. These accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. Additionally, these accounts are secured by a \$2,000,000 tri-party collateralization agreement. At no time during the year did the combined total of all bank accounts held at Wells Fargo Bank exceed the sum total of the FDIC insurance required collateralization.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Commission's investment policy seeks to limit the concentration of credit risk through diversification by:

- a) Limiting investments to avoid over-concentration in securities from a specific issuer (excluding U.S. Treasury securities).
- b) Limiting investment in securities that have high credit risks.

As of June 30, 2022, the Commission does not have an investment in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of its net assets, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds, external investment pool and other pooled investments.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Building & Improvements	\$ 2,433,201	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,433,201
Furniture & Equipment	1,651,605	93,861	(21,818)	1,723,648
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>4,084,806</u>	<u>93,861</u>	<u>(21,818)</u>	<u>4,156,849</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Building & Improvements	(1,561,952)	(61,956)	-	(1,623,908)
Furniture & Equipment	(1,501,641)	(59,700)	21,818	(1,539,523)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(3,063,593)</u>	<u>(121,656)</u>	<u>21,818</u>	<u>(3,163,431)</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>1,021,213</u>	<u>(27,795)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>993,418</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1,021,214</u>	<u>\$ (27,795)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 993,419</u>
Water Supply Storage Facilities:				
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Water Supply Storage Facilities	\$21,074,316	\$ -	\$ -	\$21,074,316
Furniture & Equipment	153,015	-	-	153,015
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	21,227,331	-	-	21,227,331
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Water Supply Storage Facilities	(18,808,756)	(292,330)	-	(19,101,086)
Furniture & Equipment	(152,682)	(59)	-	(152,741)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(18,961,438)</u>	<u>(292,389)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(19,253,827)</u>
Business-Type Capital Assets Being Depreciated Net	<u>\$ 2,265,893</u>	<u>\$ (292,389)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,973,504</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Commission as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
General Government	\$ 2,613,053	\$ 87,188	\$ (21,818)	\$ 2,678,423
Special Projects	450,540	34,468	-	485,008
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 3,063,593</u>	<u>\$ 121,656</u>	<u>\$ (21,818)</u>	<u>\$ 3,163,431</u>
Business-Type Activities:				
Water Supply Storage Facilities	\$18,961,438	\$ 292,389	\$ -	\$19,253,827
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	<u>\$18,961,438</u>	<u>\$ 292,389</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$19,253,827</u>

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Amount Due to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

The Commission has agreed to reimburse the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for costs related to the construction of the water supply storage facilities at the Beltzville and Blue Marsh Water Supply Storage projects. Repayment of the Beltzville project's cost requires annual payments of \$253,499 continuing through 2030. Repayment of the Blue Marsh Project requires annual payments of \$607,643 through 2028, and thereafter \$309,118 annually through 2038. These payments include interest at an average rate of approximately 3%. Interest expense is recognized over the terms of the obligations. The Commission is responsible for a yearly pro rata share of operational, maintenance, and replacement costs of these projects. Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$259,412. Water supply charges revenue and interest income are used to pay operating expenses and debt service.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 5: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

A summary of changes in long-term liability obligations is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Other Liabilities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 439,411	\$ 16,559	\$ -	\$ 455,970	\$ 120,000
Lease Obligations	39,845	-	(15,403)	24,442	15,403
Total Other Liabilities	<u>479,256</u>	<u>16,559</u>	<u>(15,403)</u>	<u>480,412</u>	<u>135,403</u>
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 479,256</u>	<u>\$ 16,559</u>	<u>\$ (15,403)</u>	<u>\$ 480,412</u>	<u>\$ 135,403</u>
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
Due to Army Corps of Engineers	\$7,688,818	\$ -	\$ (597,349)	\$7,091,469	\$ 617,735
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	<u>7,688,818</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(597,349)</u>	<u>7,091,469</u>	<u>617,735</u>
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	9,666	-	-	9,666	-
Total Other Liabilities	<u>9,666</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,666</u>	<u>-</u>
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$7,698,484</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (597,349)</u>	<u>\$7,101,135</u>	<u>\$ 617,735</u>

An analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on the Bonds and Notes Payable is as follows:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Requirements	Interest Requirements	Total Debt Service Requirements
2023	\$ 617,735	\$ 243,407	\$ 861,142
2024	638,818	222,324	861,142
2025	660,620	200,522	861,142
2026	683,169	177,973	861,142
2027	706,487	154,655	861,142
2028 - 2032	2,137,597	466,992	2,604,589
2033 - 2037	1,348,384	197,205	1,545,589
2038	298,659	10,460	309,119
	<u>\$ 7,091,469</u>	<u>\$ 1,673,538</u>	<u>\$ 8,765,007</u>

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

**General Information about the Pension Plan**

The Commission participates in the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing, multi-employer, contributory, defined-benefit plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to the Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) which can be found at <https://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml>.

Pension vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits described in Note 7.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

<u>Tier</u>	<u>Definition</u>
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007.
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008.
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010.
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011.
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011.

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A.43:15A, Chapter 62, P.L. 1994, and Chapter 115, P.L. 1997, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan members and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 members contributed at a uniform rate of 7.5% of base salary.

Employer contributions are actuarially determined by PERS. The Commission's contribution requirements for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$471,824, \$502,288 and \$465,653, respectively.

Contact information for PERS is as follows:

State of New Jersey  
Department of the Treasury  
Division of Pensions & Benefits  
P.O. Box 295  
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295  
(609) 292-7524

**Benefits Provided**

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching the age of 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

**Benefits Provided Continued**

prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age of their respective tier.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

At June 30, 2022, the Commission reported a liability of \$4,772,765 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020 and rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the Commission's contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. At the June 30, 2021 measurement date, the Commission's proportion was .0402884009%, which was an increase of .0033645809%, from the previous year.

At June 30, 2022, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 75,273	\$ 34,167
Changes in Assumptions	24,857	1,699,135
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Investment Earnings	-	1,257,272
Changes in Proportions	787,315	596,948
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	471,824	-
	\$ 1,359,269	\$ 3,587,522

The Commission reported \$471,824 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (1,051,994)
2024	(751,121)
2025	(512,137)
2026	(384,975)
2027	150
	\$ (2,700,077)

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
 JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

**Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2021. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation Rate Price	2.75%
Inflation Rate Wage	3.25%
Salary increases:	
Through 2026	2.00 – 6.00%
	based on years of service
Thereafter	3.00 – 7.00%
	based on years of service
Investment rate of return	7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018.

**Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

In accordance with the New Jersey State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the NJ Directors of the Division of Investments and NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
U.S. equity	27.00%	8.09%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	13.50%	8.71%
Emerging markets equity	5.50%	10.96%
Private equity	13.00%	11.30%
Real assets	3.00%	9.15%
Real estate	8.00%	7.40%
High yield	2.00%	3.75%
Private credit	8.00%	7.60%
Investment grade credit	8.00%	1.68%
Cash equivalents	4.00%	0.50%
US. treasuries	5.00%	0.95%
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	3.35%

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
 JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 6: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% and 6.28% as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 78% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate**

The following represents the Commission's pro-rata share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 measurement dates, respectively, calculated using the discount rate described above as well as what the pro-rata share of the net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower, or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>At 1% decrease</u>	<u>At Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>At 1% Increase</u>
	<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
	<u>(5.28%)</u>	<u>(6.28%)</u>	<u>(7.28%)</u>
June 30, 2021	\$ 4,820,493	\$ 4,772,765	\$ 4,725,037
June 30, 2020	\$ 6,081,523	\$ 6,021,310	\$ 5,961,097

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, the Commission provides retirement health care benefits in accordance with its policies and procedures to all employees with 25 or more years of service in PERS who retire from the Commission, employees who attain the age of 62 with 15 years of service and employees who retire on disability pensions. On July 20, 2005, the Commission adopted provisions of N.J.S.A.52:14-17.38 (Resolution 2005-14) under which public employers may agree to pay for State Health Benefit Programs coverage of certain retirees. Consistent with this provision, the Commission established classes of employees whose benefits will vary based on date of hire and years of credited service in PERS, as well as with the Commission. The adoption of these new provisions will have no impact on the benefits provided to retirees currently receiving said benefits or employees who earned benefits as provided for under the former rules prior to January 1, 2006.



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
 JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

On June 30, 2021 Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	28
Active plan members	<u>34</u>
Total	<u><u>62</u></u>

On June 28, 2011, New Jersey Chapter 78, P.L. 2011 became effective. The law had no material effect on retirement health care benefits in the current year but impacted subsequent years, requiring employees to fund a portion of their health insurance premiums.

In July 2008 the Commission adopted a resolution for the minutes authorizing the procurement of actuarial services for the purpose of evaluating the cost of retirement health benefits of present and future retirees. Brown & Brown Consulting was hired to perform these services and in September 2008, issued the first actuarial valuation for the Commission's retiree health benefits program.

In 2009, the Commission opted for a funded plan and, as required, established an irrevocable trust to receive contributions to fund actuarially determined liabilities.

On October 22, 2009 the Commission adopted resolution 2009-9, authorizing the creation of an IRC Section 115 integral part trust and the utilization of an employer savings and investment program offered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Also on October 22, 2009 the Commission adopted resolution 2009-10 to amend the Commission's investment policy to allow investment in an integral part trust for the exclusive purpose of funding postemployment health benefits.

On November 30, 2009 the Commission Integral Part Trust was established with ICMA Retirement Corporation.

In June 2015 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 75 (GASB 75) requiring accounting and financial reporting for postemployment benefits. The Commission adopted GASB 75 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

On June 30, 2021 the Integral Part Trust had assets valued at \$4,528,094.

Investments: The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Board of Commissioners. It is the policy of the Board of Commissioners to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through diversification of the portfolio by investing in several mutual funds. The following is the plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021.

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>
Mutual Funds	<u>100%</u>
Total	<u><u>100%</u></u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted return on investments, net of investment expense was 6.0%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

See Note 3 to the financial statements for additional details on the plan's investments.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
 JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The components of the net OPEB liability of the Plan at the June 30, 2021 measurement date were as follows:

Total Plan OPEB Liability	\$ 5,670,164
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>4,528,094</u>
Plan's Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 1,142,070</u>

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 79.9%

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used in the July 1, 2021 Valuation:

Economic Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6%

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

Year	Pre-65 Medical	Post-65 Medical	Pre-65 Prescription Drug	Post-65 Prescription Drug	Medicare Part B
2021	17.2%	5.3%	14.0%	6.1%	9.5%
2022	5.1%	4.5%	6.5%	6.5%	5.0%
2023	4.9%	4.5%	6.2%	6.2%	5.0%
2024	4.6%	4.5%	6.0%	5.0%	5.0%
2025	4.5%	4.5%	5.7%	5.7%	5.0%
2026	4.5%	4.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.0%
2027	4.5%	4.5%	5.2%	5.2%	5.0%
2028	4.5%	4.5%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
2029	4.5%	4.5%	4.7%	4.7%	5.0%
2030 & Later	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	5.0%

Salary Increases 3.0%

Consumer Price Index (inflation) 2.5%

Benefit Assumptions:

Future retirees are assumed to remain in the same medical plan they were covered under while active. The Per Capita claims cost is based on retiree premiums in effect for the valuation year projected with a medical trend inflation rate of 3% to the valuation date.

Demographic Assumptions:

Mortality: U.S. Public Pension Plan Mortality (2010) Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male and Female Mortality Projected with Scale MP-2021.

Retirement Rates: Earlier of (i) age 65 with completion of 15 years of Commission service, or (ii) age 62 with completion of 10 years of Commission service with 25 years of PERS service.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
 JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Withdrawal: Turnover rates vary by age. Illustrative annual rates per 1000 are as follows:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
1	250	25	52.7
2	200	30	48.3
3	150	35	44.7
4	100	40	38.4
5	Age Rate	45	32.1
		50	15.2
		55	0
		60	0

Participation Rate: 100% of future retirees.

Spousal/Dependent Coverage: Future retirees will have spousal/dependent coverage upon retirement as they currently have. Current retiree spousal/dependent coverage information and spousal dates of births were provided by the Commission. Expenses: administrative expenses for reinsurance and medical and prescription drug costs are included in the above claims costs.

Decrement Timing: Mid-year.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal Cost Method

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level dollar amount using an open period of 30 years.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Commission, as well as what the Commission's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.00%) or 1% higher (7.00%) than the current discount rate of 6.00%:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
	<u>5.00%</u>	<u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>7.00%</u>
		<u>6.00%</u>	
Commission's net OPEB liability	1,858,800	1,142,070	545,451

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Commission, as well as what the Commission's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare trend rates that is 1% lower and 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1%</u>	<u>Current</u>	<u>1%</u>
	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Trend Rate</u>	<u>Increase</u>
Commission's net OPEB liability	520,777	1,142,070	1,893,233

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Commission recognized OPEB expense of (\$657,302). At June 30, 2021, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ -	\$ 1,988,133
Changes in Assumptions	544,577	274,542
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	-	518,923
Contributions Subsequent to Measurement	<u>358,400</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 902,977</u>	<u>\$ 2,781,598</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ (610,245)
2024	(607,793)
2025	(619,025)
2026	(399,958)
2027	-
	<u>\$ (2,237,021)</u>

NOTE 8: OPERATING TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers are executed as a result of the requirements for the General Fund to match a portion of the expenses of the other funds. Interfund operating transfers are as follows:

	<u>Transfers From Other Funds</u>	<u>Transfers To Other Funds</u>
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 2,504,470	\$ 468,835
Special Projects Fund	468,835	658,216
Total Governmental Funds	<u>2,973,305</u>	<u>1,127,051</u>
Enterprise Fund:		
Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund	<u>-</u>	<u>1,846,254</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,973,305</u>	<u>\$ 2,973,305</u>

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)  
JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 9: FEDERAL CONTRIBUTION

The Energy and Appropriations Bill (P.L. 104-206) eliminated federal funding for the Commission for the federal fiscal year 1997 (October 1, 1997 through September 1, 1998). The federal government has not provided a contribution since 2009. The Commission continues its efforts to restore federal funding.

NOTE 10: LITIGATION

The Commission is subject to litigation and threats of litigation arising out of its activities. In June of 2013 the Commission received notice from landowners asserting that they have been financially harmed as a result of the Commission's imposition of a moratorium on its consideration of natural gas well projects in shale formations in the Basin. The moratorium continues pending completion of natural gas rulemaking. The Commission believes the landowners' assertions are without merit, and if litigation is commenced, the Commission will vigorously defend. The amount or range of reasonably possible loss resulting from such litigation, if and when it is commenced, cannot reasonably be estimated at this time.

NOTE 11: RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

As the effects of the Coronavirus pandemic continue to evolve and are dependent upon future developments, the impact of the Coronavirus on the Commission's operations and financial results are uncertain at this time.

NOTE 12: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Commission has evaluated subsequent events occurring after June 30, 2022 through the date of December 22, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Based on this evaluation, the Commission has determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require disclosures in the financial statements.

REQUIRED  
SUPPLEMENTAL  
INFORMATION

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) GENERAL FUND  
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

	2022			2021		
	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Final To Actual Favorable (Unfavorable)	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Final To Actual Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Signatory Party Contributions:						
State of Delaware	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ -	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ -
State of New Jersey	893,000	893,000	-	693,000	693,000	-
State of New York	359,500	359,500	-	359,500	359,500	-
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	217,000	217,000	-	217,000	217,000	-
United States	715,000	-	(715,000)	715,000	-	(715,000)
Sale of Publications	2,000	576	(1,424)	2,000	919	(1,081)
Project Review Fees	308,200	460,341	152,141	381,000	392,466	11,466
Annual Fees	736,000	761,538	25,538	648,800	771,963	123,163
Interest Income	35,000	24,664	(10,336)	35,000	20,129	(14,871)
Fines, Assessments and Other Income	54,700	30,081	(24,619)	53,800	48,050	(5,750)
Total Revenues	<u>3,767,400</u>	<u>3,193,700</u>	<u>(573,700)</u>	<u>3,552,100</u>	<u>2,950,027</u>	<u>(602,073)</u>

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) GENERAL FUND  
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021  
(CONTINUED)

	2022			2021		
	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Final To Actual Favorable (Unfavorable)	Original Budget	Actual	Variance Final To Actual Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures						
Personal Services	\$ 2,879,300	\$ 2,299,531	\$ 579,769	\$ 2,283,100	\$ 2,141,004	\$ 142,096
Special and Contractual Services	951,500	415,909	535,591	300,100	214,904	85,196
Other Services	229,300	242,696	(13,396)	217,600	211,109	6,491
Supplies and Other Materials	70,000	77,387	(7,387)	70,000	40,209	29,791
Buildings and Grounds	406,700	151,112	255,588	909,200	125,506	783,694
Communications	72,300	50,548	21,752	77,600	64,709	12,891
Travel	81,000	23,458	57,542	43,500	4,269	39,231
Maintenance, Replacements, Acquisitions and Rentals	86,900	117,966	(31,066)	60,400	53,356	7,044
Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions	1,451,500	1,114,889	336,611	1,221,700	1,047,489	174,211
Total Expenditures	6,228,500	4,493,496	1,735,004	5,183,200	3,902,555	1,280,645
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,461,100)	(1,299,796)	1,161,304	(1,631,100)	(952,528)	678,572
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Capital Lease Proceeds	-	-	-	-	22,973	22,973
Gain on asset disposal	-	500	500	-	-	-
Operating Transfers In	2,967,300	2,504,470	(462,830)	2,352,500	2,392,257	39,757
Operating Transfers Out	(506,200)	(468,835)	37,365	(721,400)	(793,001)	(71,601)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,461,100	2,036,135	(424,965)	1,631,100	1,622,229	(8,871)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	736,339	736,339	-	669,701	669,701
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year	4,685,264	4,685,264	-	4,015,563	4,015,563	-
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$ 4,685,264	\$ 5,421,603	\$ 736,339	\$ 4,015,563	\$ 4,685,264	\$ 669,701



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS  
STATE OF NEW JERSEY  
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Measurement Date, June 30,	Last 10 Fiscal Years*							
	(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)							
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Commission's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0402884009%	0.0369238230%	0.0378441393%	0.0419775500%	0.0389675787%	0.0427852444%	0.0400999473%	0.0431396436%
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,772,765	\$ 6,021,310	\$ 6,818,940	\$ 8,265,170	\$ 9,071,029	\$ 12,671,762	\$ 9,001,635	\$ 8,076,921
Commission's covered payroll	\$ 2,754,209	\$ 2,833,322	\$ 2,681,858	\$ 2,807,159	\$ 2,856,105	\$ 2,809,302	\$ 2,918,162	\$ 2,952,152
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	173.29%	212.52%	254.26%	294.43%	317.60%	451.06%	308.47%	273.59%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.33%	58.32%	43.73%	40.39%	36.78%	31.20%	47.93%	52.08%

\*The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end (12/31) that occurred within the fiscal year. The Commission adopted GASB 68 on a prospective basis in fiscal year 2015; therefore only eight years are presented in the above schedule.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION'S CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION PLAN  
STATE OF NEW JERSEY  
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 471,824	\$ 502,288	\$ 465,653	\$ 512,203	\$ 417,541	\$ 360,993	\$ 380,098	\$ 344,752
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(471,824)</u>	<u>(502,288)</u>	<u>(465,653)</u>	<u>(512,203)</u>	<u>(417,541)</u>	<u>(360,993)</u>	<u>(380,098)</u>	<u>(344,752)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Commission's covered payroll	\$ 2,983,625	\$ 2,754,209	\$ 2,833,322	\$ 2,681,858	\$ 2,807,159	\$ 2,856,105	\$ 2,809,302	\$ 2,918,162
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.81%	18.24%	16.43%	19.10%	14.87%	12.64%	13.53%	11.81%

\*The Commission adopted GASB 68 on a prospective basis in fiscal year 2015; therefore only eight years are presented in the above schedule.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS  
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	June 30, 2021 Measurement Date	June 30, 2020 Measurement Date	June 30, 2019 Measurement Date	June 30, 2018 Measurement Date	June 30, 2017 Measurement Date
<b>TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY</b>					
Service cost	\$ 162,270	\$ 157,544	\$ 116,776	\$ 113,375	\$ 113,375
Interest	401,236	389,468	517,051	500,974	355,883
Amortization	-	-	-	-	383,200
Actuarial assumption changes	(343,177)	907,627	-	-	-
Actuarial demographic (gain) or loss	(914,120)	(2,094,727)	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(351,365)	(360,607)	(409,031)	(363,324)	(381,053)
<b>NET CHANGE IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY</b>	(1,045,156)	(1,000,695)	224,796	251,025	471,405
Total OPEB liability, beginning	6,715,320	7,716,015	7,491,219	7,240,194	6,768,789
<b>TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, ENDING (a)</b>	<u>\$ 5,670,164</u>	<u>\$ 6,715,320</u>	<u>\$ 7,716,015</u>	<u>\$ 7,491,219</u>	<u>\$ 7,240,194</u>
<b>PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION</b>					
Contributions					
Employer	\$ 395,506	\$ 395,506	\$ 477,194	\$ 113,870	\$ 194,400
Benefit payments	(351,365)	(360,607)	(409,031)		
Net investment income (loss)	954,270	111,252	165,515	211,953	293,884
<b>NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION</b>	998,411	146,151	233,678	325,823	488,284
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	3,529,683	3,383,532	3,149,854	2,824,031	2,335,747
<b>PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, ENDING (b)</b>	<u>\$ 4,528,094</u>	<u>\$ 3,529,683</u>	<u>\$ 3,383,532</u>	<u>\$ 3,149,854</u>	<u>\$ 2,824,031</u>
<b>NET OPEB LIABILITY, ENDING (a)-(b)</b>	<u>\$ 1,142,070</u>	<u>\$ 3,185,637</u>	<u>\$ 4,332,483</u>	<u>\$ 4,341,365</u>	<u>\$ 4,416,163</u>
<b>PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY</b>	<u>79.86%</u>	<u>52.56%</u>	<u>43.85%</u>	<u>42.05%</u>	<u>39.00%</u>
<b>COVERED PAYROLL</b>	<u>\$ 2,801,732</u>	<u>\$ 2,945,853</u>	<u>\$ 2,688,770</u>	<u>\$ 2,786,936</u>	<u>\$ 2,954,742</u>
<b>NET OPEB LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL</b>	<u>40.76%</u>	<u>108.14%</u>	<u>161.13%</u>	<u>155.78%</u>	<u>149.46%</u>

\*The Commission adopted GASB 75 on a prospective basis in fiscal year 2018; therefore only five years are presented in the above schedule.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION'S CONTRIBUTIONS  
OPEB PLAN

Last 10 Fiscal Years\*  
(Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$ 198,596	\$ 395,506	\$ 395,506	\$ 477,194	\$ 477,194
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>358,400</u>	<u>395,506</u>	<u>395,506</u>	<u>488,270</u>	<u>466,118</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ (159,804)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (11,076)</u>	<u>\$ 11,076</u>
Commission's covered payroll	\$ 3,030,263	\$ 2,801,732	\$ 2,945,853	\$ 2,688,770	\$ 2,786,936
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.83%	14.12%	13.43%	18.16%	16.73%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level dollar amount
Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	Market value
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.50%
Salary Increases	3.00%
Investment Rate of Return	6.00%
Retirement Age	65
Mortality	U.S. Public Pension Plan Mortality (2010) Headcount-Weighted Healthy Employee Male and Female Mortality Projected with Scale MP-2021.

\*The Commission adopted GASB 75 on a prospective basis in fiscal year 2018; therefore only five years are presented in the above schedule.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS  
 OPEB PLAN

	Last 10 Fiscal Years*				
	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	-12.50%	6.00%	3.30%	5.25%	7.50%

\*The Commission adopted GASB 75 on a prospective basis in fiscal year 2018; therefore only five years are presented in the above schedule.

STATISTICAL  
SECTION  
UNAUDITED

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) BY COMPONENT  
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)  
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Government-wide Activities						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	\$ 968,977	\$ 981,370	\$ 1,084,206	\$ 1,217,649	\$ 1,276,910	\$ 1,309,088
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	16,879
Unrestricted	(4,915,268)	(7,399,768)	(9,214,081)	(9,675,333)	(10,394,486)	(5,917,029)
Total Governmental Activities						
Net Position	<u>\$ (3,946,291)</u>	<u>\$ (6,418,398)</u>	<u>\$ (8,129,875)</u>	<u>\$ (8,457,684)</u>	<u>\$ (9,117,576)</u>	<u>\$ (4,591,062)</u>
Business-Type Activities						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	\$ (5,117,965)	\$ (5,422,925)	\$ (6,023,326)	\$ (5,778,681)	\$ (6,100,775)	\$ (5,992,734)
Unrestricted	26,306,145	30,347,428	28,168,896	27,075,453	26,038,560	25,243,145
Total Business-Type Activities						
Net Position	<u>\$ 21,188,180</u>	<u>\$ 24,924,503</u>	<u>\$ 22,145,570</u>	<u>\$ 21,296,772</u>	<u>\$ 19,937,785</u>	<u>\$ 19,250,411</u>
Commission-Wide						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	\$ (4,148,988)	\$ (4,441,555)	\$ (4,939,120)	\$ (4,561,032)	\$ (4,823,865)	\$ (4,683,646)
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	16,879
Unrestricted	21,390,877	22,947,660	18,954,815	17,400,120	15,644,074	19,326,116
Total Commission						
Net Position	<u>\$ 17,241,889</u>	<u>\$ 18,506,105</u>	<u>\$ 14,015,695</u>	<u>\$ 12,839,088</u>	<u>\$ 10,820,209</u>	<u>\$ 14,659,349</u>

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)  
 LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Expenses:						
Primary Government:						
General Government	\$ 1,388,496	\$ 1,740,821	\$ 2,588,651	\$ 2,279,239	\$ 2,942,273	\$ 3,394,181
Water Resource Management	639,326	539,575	719,673	866,377	994,062	1,038,948
Water Resource Operations	467,536	193,145	533,477	282,418	371,985	351,817
Science and Water Quality Management	227,902	332,016	249,852	739,166	754,676	785,545
Special Projects	2,072,438	2,167,379	2,145,795	2,021,271	1,393,521	1,766,458
Total Government Activities	<u>4,795,698</u>	<u>4,972,936</u>	<u>6,237,448</u>	<u>6,188,471</u>	<u>6,456,517</u>	<u>7,336,949</u>
Business-Type Activities:						
Water Supply Storage Facilities	2,011,921	1,947,603	1,482,030	1,851,664	1,175,513	1,474,321
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>2,011,921</u>	<u>1,947,603</u>	<u>1,482,030</u>	<u>1,851,664</u>	<u>1,175,513</u>	<u>1,474,321</u>
Total Primary Government	<u><u>\$ 6,807,619</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,920,539</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7,719,478</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,040,135</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7,632,030</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,811,270</u></u>
Program Revenues:						
Government Activities:						
Charges for Services:						
Regulatory Program Fees	\$ 1,221,879	\$ 1,164,429	\$ 1,181,385	\$ 1,249,386	\$ 1,377,686	\$ 1,239,611
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,227,351	1,934,693	2,004,338	1,918,156	1,164,090	1,213,656
Total Government Activities Program Revenue	<u>3,449,230</u>	<u>3,099,122</u>	<u>3,185,723</u>	<u>3,167,542</u>	<u>2,541,776</u>	<u>2,453,267</u>
Business-Type Activities:						
Charges for Services:						
Water Supply Storage Facilities	2,995,965	2,902,694	2,872,561	3,303,459	3,195,232	3,495,596
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue	<u>2,995,965</u>	<u>2,902,694</u>	<u>2,872,561</u>	<u>3,303,459</u>	<u>3,195,232</u>	<u>3,495,596</u>
Total Commission Program Revenues	<u><u>\$ 6,445,195</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,001,816</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,058,284</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,471,001</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,737,008</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,948,863</u></u>



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
CHANGES IN NET POSITION (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)  
LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED  
(CONTINUED)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Net (Expense)/Revenue:						
Governmental Activities	\$ (1,346,468)	\$ (1,873,814)	\$ (3,051,725)	\$ (3,020,929)	\$ (3,914,741)	\$ (4,883,682)
Business-Type Activities	984,044	955,091	1,390,531	1,451,795	2,019,719	2,021,275
Total Commission-Wide Net Expense	<u>\$ (362,424)</u>	<u>\$ (918,723)</u>	<u>\$ (1,661,194)</u>	<u>\$ (1,569,134)</u>	<u>\$ (1,895,022)</u>	<u>\$ (2,862,407)</u>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:						
Governmental Activities:						
Grants and Contributions Net						
Restricted to Special Programs	1,916,500	1,716,500	1,594,755	1,716,500	1,716,500	1,933,500
Investment Earnings	24,664	20,129	72,870	81,246	43,656	23,429
Miscellaneous Income	31,157	48,969	13,588	32,348	31,767	63,526
Transfers	1,846,254	1,799,693	1,698,321	1,850,727	2,029,346	1,860,440
Total Governmental Activities	<u>3,818,575</u>	<u>3,585,291</u>	<u>3,379,534</u>	<u>3,680,821</u>	<u>3,821,269</u>	<u>3,880,895</u>
Business-Type Activities:						
Investment Earnings	(2,874,113)	3,623,535	1,156,588	1,757,919	697,001	1,100,717
Transfers	(1,846,254)	(1,799,693)	(1,698,321)	(1,850,727)	(2,029,346)	(1,860,440)
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>(4,720,367)</u>	<u>1,823,842</u>	<u>(541,733)</u>	<u>(92,808)</u>	<u>(1,332,345)</u>	<u>(759,723)</u>
Total Commission-Wide	<u>\$ (901,792)</u>	<u>\$ 5,409,133</u>	<u>\$ 2,837,801</u>	<u>\$ 3,588,013</u>	<u>\$ 2,488,924</u>	<u>\$ 3,121,172</u>
Changes in Net Position:						
Governmental Activities	\$ 2,472,107	\$ 1,711,477	\$ 327,809	\$ 659,892	(93,472)	(1,002,787)
Cumulative Changes	-	-	-	-	(4,433,042)	-
Subtotal Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 2,472,107</u>	<u>\$ 1,711,477</u>	<u>\$ 327,809</u>	<u>\$ 659,892</u>	<u>\$ (4,526,514)</u>	<u>\$ (1,002,787)</u>
Business-Type Activities	<u>(3,736,323)</u>	<u>2,778,933</u>	<u>848,798</u>	<u>1,358,987</u>	<u>687,374</u>	<u>1,261,552</u>
Total Commission	<u>\$ (1,264,216)</u>	<u>\$ 4,490,410</u>	<u>\$ 1,176,607</u>	<u>\$ 2,018,879</u>	<u>\$ (3,839,140)</u>	<u>\$ 258,765</u>

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
 (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)  
 LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS - UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
General Fund:						
Committed/Assigned	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 361,534	\$ 518,466
Unassigned	4,921,603	4,685,264	3,715,563	3,609,078	3,588,110	3,564,983
<b>Total General Fund</b>	<b>\$ 5,421,603</b>	<b>\$ 4,685,264</b>	<b>\$ 4,015,563</b>	<b>\$ 3,909,078</b>	<b>\$ 3,949,644</b>	<b>\$ 4,083,449</b>
All Other Governmental Funds:						
Unreserved, Reported In:						
Special Projects Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Total All Other Governmental Funds</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
 (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)  
 LAST TEN YEARS - UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues:										
Signatory Party Contributions:										
State of Delaware	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ 447,000	\$ 468,456	\$ 520,830
State Of New Jersey	893,000	693,000	571,255	693,000	693,000	693,000	694,505	698,113	704,926	893,000
State of New York	359,500	359,500	359,500	359,500	359,500	359,500	359,500	359,500	246,000	246,000
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	349,999	353,634	365,619	348,435	332,437	552,372	548,320	549,780	1,141,837	1,105,089
United States	648,706	681,560	595,531	700,847	503,237	432,401	869,793	859,461	681,780	984,514
Sale of Publications	576	919	874	1,268	1,012	1,726	2,707	2,778	2,444	2,775
Regulatory Program Fees	1,221,879	1,164,429	1,117,540	1,219,817	1,275,464	1,182,934	839,249	598,629	491,844	780,282
Investment Income	24,664	20,129	72,870	81,246	44,914	23,429	13,975	-	-	59
Compliance Revenue and Other Income	1,475,727	1,164,549	1,354,962	1,146,523	677,135	781,364	727,441	696,287	837,510	939,369
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>5,421,051</b>	<b>4,884,720</b>	<b>4,885,151</b>	<b>4,997,636</b>	<b>4,333,699</b>	<b>4,473,726</b>	<b>4,502,490</b>	<b>4,211,548</b>	<b>4,574,797</b>	<b>5,471,918</b>
Expenditures:										
Personnel Services	3,119,661	2,887,136	2,996,865	2,947,585	2,999,831	3,080,695	2,961,430	3,011,603	3,133,111	3,185,201
Special and Contractual Services	1,199,098	1,166,778	1,331,613	1,604,657	1,086,958	1,127,070	1,023,993	955,814	1,087,400	1,324,809
Other Services	253,273	227,595	224,656	224,761	228,870	160,977	168,348	165,871	153,532	139,841
Supplies and Materials	88,216	51,056	80,156	94,306	92,138	87,504	58,183	47,237	67,254	64,757
Buildings and Grounds	153,065	125,599	149,677	161,496	220,557	304,624	236,561	202,329	271,377	250,725
Communications	56,742	69,393	79,986	60,044	45,035	39,603	34,748	26,274	27,439	23,755
Travel	31,165	7,314	38,025	63,747	79,962	51,155	59,165	61,060	62,849	32,529
Maintenance, Replacements										
Acquisitions and Rentals	118,133	59,043	70,767	64,886	80,661	63,937	199,693	145,549	109,320	100,683
Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions	1,512,113	1,443,771	1,543,973	1,667,447	1,662,838	1,793,466	1,717,912	1,762,944	1,768,082	1,788,616
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<b>6,531,466</b>	<b>6,037,685</b>	<b>6,515,718</b>	<b>6,888,929</b>	<b>6,496,850</b>	<b>6,709,031</b>	<b>6,460,033</b>	<b>6,378,681</b>	<b>6,680,364</b>	<b>6,910,916</b>
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over/(Under) Expenditures	(1,110,415)	(1,152,965)	(1,630,567)	(1,891,293)	(2,163,151)	(2,235,305)	(1,957,543)	(2,167,133)	(2,105,567)	(1,438,998)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):										
Capital Lease Proceeds	-	22,973	38,731	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on Asset Disposal	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Transfers In	2,973,305	3,185,258	2,900,438	2,557,054	2,286,782	2,942,275	2,793,991	2,262,609	2,619,017	2,952,197
Operating Transfer (Out)	(1,127,051)	(1,385,565)	(1,202,117)	(706,327)	(257,436)	(1,081,835)	(891,097)	(336,139)	(753,083)	(847,222)
<b>Total Other Financing Sources and Uses</b>	<b>1,846,754</b>	<b>1,822,666</b>	<b>1,737,052</b>	<b>1,850,727</b>	<b>2,029,346</b>	<b>1,860,440</b>	<b>1,902,894</b>	<b>1,926,470</b>	<b>1,865,934</b>	<b>2,104,975</b>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	<b>\$ 736,339</b>	<b>\$ 669,701</b>	<b>\$ 106,485</b>	<b>\$ (40,566)</b>	<b>\$ (133,805)</b>	<b>\$ (374,865)</b>	<b>\$ (54,649)</b>	<b>\$ (240,663)</b>	<b>\$ (239,633)</b>	<b>\$ 665,977</b>

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
 OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE  
 LAST TEN YEARS - UNAUDITED

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Business-Type Activities <u>Due to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers</u>	Government Fund Type <u>Capital Lease</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 7,091,469	\$ 24,442	\$ 7,115,911
2021	7,688,818	39,845	7,728,663
2020	8,646,186	33,567	8,679,753
2019	8,825,033	6,826	8,831,859
2018	9,569,610	17,915	9,587,525
2017	9,887,503	29,007	9,916,510
2016	10,583,426	40,094	10,623,520
2015	11,065,397	51,183	11,116,580
2014	11,531,473	-	11,531,473
2013	11,810,071	-	11,810,071

SUPPLEMENTAL  
SCHEDULES  
UNAUDITED

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE SPECIAL PROJECTS - UNAUDITED  
THROUGH JUNE 30, 2022

	USGS Monitors 310	USACE Planning Assistance to States 310PAS	Groundwater Pennsylvania Protected Area 315	Port Jarvis Ice Flow Maintenance Project 320	NFWF Microplastics 321	NFWF Algal Composition and Dissolved Oxygen 321A	NFWF DSS 321B	NFWF DWCF 321D	NFWF DWCF 321E	NFWF DWCF 321F	Page Total
Cumulative Expenditures from Date of Inception Through 6/30/2021	\$ 4,962,239	\$ -	\$ 7,201,465	\$ 10,503	\$ 23,524	\$ 38,408	\$ 33,515	\$ 16,370	\$ 105,616	\$ -	12,391,640
Current Fiscal Year											
Expenditures and Encumbrances:											
Personal Services	-	8,444	58,523	-	11,582	27,400	26,033	32,338	109,154	96,844	370,318
Special and Contractual Services	178,250	-	-	-	25,124	11,646	-	28,395	-	-	243,415
Supplies, Materials and Equipment	-	-	155	-	-	25	-	320	224	143	867
Travel and Communications	-	-	-	-	77	36	-	3,076	110	197	3,496
Fringe Benefits	-	4,095	27,848	-	5,676	13,286	12,498	15,680	52,927	46,958	178,968
Transfers and Refunds	-	(12,539)	46,473	-	(5,529)	(12,279)	56,704	26,030	88,943	76,904	264,707
Total Current Fiscal Year	178,250	-	132,999	-	36,930	40,114	95,235	105,839	251,358	221,046	1,061,771
Total Expenditures from Date of Inception Through June 30, 2022	5,140,489	-	7,334,464	10,503	60,454	78,522	128,750	122,209	356,974	221,046	13,453,411
Capital Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Awarded for Project	5,185,098	-	7,421,645	102,730	60,454	88,854	128,750	200,000	499,126	866,938	14,553,595
Funding Available to Complete Project	\$ 44,609	\$ -	\$ 87,181	\$ 92,227	\$ -	\$ 10,332	\$ -	\$ 77,791	\$ 142,152	\$ 645,892	\$ 1,100,184

(Continued)

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE SPECIAL PROJECTS - UNAUDITED  
THROUGH JUNE 30, 2022  
(CONTINUED)

	Nutrient Monitoring of Discharges 327A	PPL Ash Spill Settlement 361	Sec. 106 Water Pollution Control Grant 362	WPF Our Shared Waters II 376A	PA DECZM Sea Level Rise 377	PA Designated Use 378	PEMA Flood Mitigation 379	PACZM PFAS Year1 380	ANS Lower Basin Assessment 387	PDE Technical Rpt 388	Nutrient WCUP Modeling 389	WPF Novel Bacteria Monitoring 396	Totals
Cumulative Expenditures from Date of Inception Through 6/30/2021	\$ 71,588	\$ 367,378	\$ 650,319	\$ 56,345	\$ 70,077	\$ -	\$ 36,224	\$ 7,383	\$ 1,764	\$ 303	\$ 982	\$ 423	\$ 13,654,426
Current Fiscal Year: Expenditures and Encumbrances:													
Personal Services	-	1,971	307,748	18,673	13,554	34,050	33,275	26,986	8,405	4,270	309	570	820,129
Special and Contractual Services	-	16,438	286,967	61,184	-	120,611	744	23,230	-	-	-	30,600	783,189
Supplies, Materials and Equipment	-	-	12,012	10,546	-	-	99	-	-	-	-	-	23,524
Travel and Communications	-	-	5,936	2,831	-	-	1,526	111	-	-	-	-	13,900
Fringe Benefits	-	956	149,221	9,054	6,725	16,510	16,135	13,085	4,075	2,070	150	277	397,226
Transfers and Refunds	-	1,749	(113,178)	8,122	10,742	3,829	26,500	(21,219)	5,756	3,357	(1,441)	462	189,386
Total Current Fiscal Year	-	21,114	648,706	110,410	31,021	175,000	78,279	42,193	18,236	9,697	(982)	31,909	2,227,354
Total Expenditures from Date of Inception Through June 30, 2022	71,588	388,492	1,299,025	166,755	101,098	175,000	114,503	49,576	20,000	10,000	-	32,332	15,881,780
Capital Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Funding Awarded for Project	75,000	952,150	1,322,000	315,000	150,000	175,000	140,000	125,546	20,000	10,000	-	100,100	17,938,391
Funding Available to Complete Project	\$ 3,412	\$ 563,658	\$ 22,975	\$ 148,245	\$ 48,902	\$ -	\$ 25,497	\$ 75,970	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 67,768	\$ 2,056,611

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES -  
BY CATEGORY AND OBJECT UNAUDITED  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021  
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Personnel Services	\$ 2,299,531	\$ 2,141,004
Special and Contractual Services:		
Auditing	16,750	16,750
Computer and Financial	16,002	14,312
All Other Special and Contractual Services	<u>383,157</u>	<u>183,842</u>
Total Special and Contractual Services	<u>415,909</u>	<u>214,904</u>
Other Services:		
Insurance	177,509	168,361
Memberships	23,720	26,382
All Other	<u>41,467</u>	<u>16,366</u>
Total Other Services	<u>242,696</u>	<u>211,109</u>
Supplies and Materials:		
Office	<u>77,387</u>	<u>40,209</u>
Total Supplies and Materials	<u>77,387</u>	<u>40,209</u>
Buildings and Grounds	<u>151,112</u>	<u>125,506</u>
Communications:		
Postage	3,495	5,664
Telephone and Other	<u>47,053</u>	<u>59,045</u>
Total Communications	<u>50,548</u>	<u>64,709</u>
Travel:		
Travel	15,997	3,204
Commission Meeting Expense	<u>7,461</u>	<u>1,065</u>
Total Travel	<u>23,458</u>	<u>4,269</u>
Maintenance, Replacements, Acquisitions and Rentals:		
Office Equipment	4,587	51,129
Vehicular Equipment	113,018	1,852
Office Equipment Rental	<u>361</u>	<u>375</u>
Total Maintenance, Replacements, Acquisitions and Rentals	<u>117,966</u>	<u>53,356</u>
Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions:		
Employees' Retirement	693,044	342,641
Social Security	226,602	142,718
Health and Dental Benefits	163,133	540,435
Unemployment Compensation	8,942	4,842
Long-Term Disability	13,491	8,693
Other Fringes	<u>9,677</u>	<u>8,160</u>
Total Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions	<u>1,114,889</u>	<u>1,047,489</u>
Total General Fund Expenditures	<u>\$ 4,493,496</u>	<u>\$ 3,902,555</u>



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN SPECIAL PROJECTS  
ADVANCE/(RECEIVABLE) BALANCE - BY PROJECT - UNAUDITED  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Advances:	Project	Balance July 1, 2021	Cash Receipts	Transfers	Expenditures	Balance June 30, 2022
310	USGS Monitors	\$ 44,439	\$ 178,420	\$ -	\$ (178,250)	\$ 44,609
315	Groundwater - PA	66,380	153,800	(46,473)	(86,525)	87,182
320	Upper Delaware Ice Jam	92,033	193	-	-	92,226
322	Flow and Temp. Modeling	16,622	-	-	-	16,622
327A	Nutrient Monitoring Of Discharges	3,412	-	-	-	3,412
361	PPL Ash Spill	584,772	-	(1,749)	(19,365)	563,658
376A	WPF Our Shared Waters II	108,655	150,000	(8,122)	(102,287)	148,246
379	PEMA Flood Mitigation	-	103,776	(26,500)	(51,779)	25,497
396	WPF Novel Bacteria Monitoring	-	99,677	(462)	(31,447)	67,768
	Total Advances	<u>\$ 916,313</u>	<u>\$ 685,866</u>	<u>\$ (83,306)</u>	<u>\$ (469,653)</u>	<u>\$ 1,049,220</u>

Accounts Receivable:

362	Water Pollution Control Grant	\$ (139,095)	\$ 497,478	\$ 113,178	\$ (761,884)	\$ (290,323)
321	NFWF Microplastics	(12,225)	12,374	5,529	(42,459)	(36,781)
321A	NFWF Algal Composition and Dissolved Oxygen	(460)	21,983	12,279	(52,393)	(18,591)
321B	NFWF DSS	(13,855)	102,511	(56,704)	(38,531)	(6,579)
321D	NFWF DWCF 2020	(16,370)	106,198	(26,030)	(79,809)	(16,011)
321E	NFWF DWCF 2021	(105,616)	-	(88,943)	(162,415)	(356,974)
3240	PA Coastal Zone Management	-	-	(76,904)	(144,142)	(221,046)
371	NJ Del Estuary Designated Use	(150,000)	150,000	-	-	-
377	PA Sea Level Rise Study	(10,694)	15,618	(10,742)	(20,278)	(26,096)
378	PA Designated Use	(46,867)	186,818	(3,829)	(171,170)	(35,048)
379	PEMA Flood Mitigation	(36,224)	36,224	-	-	-
380	PACZM PFAS Year 1	(7,383)	33,601	21,219	(63,412)	(15,975)
387	ANS Lower Basin Assessment	(1,764)	-	(5,756)	(12,480)	(20,000)
388	PDE Technical Report	(303)	5,000	(3,357)	(6,340)	(5,000)
389	Modeling Work	(982)	-	1,441	(459)	-
396	Novel Bacteria Monitoring	(423)	423	-	-	-
	Total Accounts Receivable	<u>\$ (542,261)</u>	<u>\$ 1,168,228</u>	<u>\$ (118,619)</u>	<u>\$ (1,555,772)</u>	<u>\$ (1,048,424)</u>

SINGLE  
AUDIT  
SUPPLEMENT



# *Zelenkofske Axlerod LLC*

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

EXPERIENCE | EXPERTISE | ACCOUNTABILITY

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Commissioners  
Delaware River Basin Commission

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Delaware River Basin Commission ("the Commission") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which December 22, 2022.

### ***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### ***Report on Compliance and Other Matters***

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



# *Zelenkofske Axlerod LLC*

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## ***Purpose of this Report***

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Zelenkofske Axlerod LLC*

ZELENKOFSKE AXELROD LLC

Jamison, Pennsylvania  
December 22, 2022



# *Zelenkofske Axlerod LLC*

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## **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance**

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Commissioners  
Delaware River Basin Commission

#### ***Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program***

##### ***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Delaware River Basin Commission's (the "Commission") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Commission's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Commission's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Commission complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2022.

##### ***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

##### ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Commission's federal programs.



# *Zelenkofske Axlerod LLC*

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

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## ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## ***Report on Internal Control Over Compliance***

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.



# *Zelenkofske Axlerod LLC*

**CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

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Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Zelenkofske Axlerod LLC*

ZELENKOFKSKE AXELROD LLC

Jamison, Pennsylvania  
December 22, 2022

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title</u>	<u>Source</u>	<u>Assistance Listing Number</u>	<u>Pass-Through Grantor's Number</u>	<u>Grant Period</u>	<u>Total Received For The Year</u>	<u>Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at 7/1/2021</u>	<u>Revenue Recognized</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>	<u>Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at 6/30/2022</u>	<u>Passed Through to Subrecipients</u>
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency										
Water Pollution Control State, Interstate, and Tribal Program Support	Direct	66.419	N/A	1/1/21-12/31/22	\$ 497,478	\$ 139,095	\$ 648,706	\$ 648,706	* \$ 290,323	\$ -
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency					<u>497,478</u>	<u>139,095</u>	<u>648,706</u>	<u>648,706</u>	<u>290,323</u>	<u>-</u>
U.S. Department of the Interior										
NFWF-USFWS Conservation Partnership	Direct	15.663	N/A	3/1/19-12/31/21	12,374	12,225	36,930	36,930	36,781	-
NFWF-USFWS Conservation Partnership	Direct	15.663	N/A	9/1/19-9/30/22	21,983	460	40,114	40,114	18,591	-
NFWF-USFWS Conservation Partnership	Direct	15.663	N/A	9/2/19-3/31/22	102,511	13,855	95,235	95,235	6,579	-
Total NFWF-USFWS Conservation Partnership					<u>136,868</u>	<u>26,540</u>	<u>172,279</u>	<u>172,279</u>	<u>61,951</u>	<u>-</u>
Adaptive Science	Direct	15.670	N/A	7/1/20-1/31/23	106,198	16,370	105,839	105,839	16,011	-
Adaptive Science	Direct	15.670	N/A	1/1/21-12/31/22	-	105,616	251,358	251,358	356,974	-
Adaptive Science	Direct	15.670	N/A	4/1/21-6/30/24	-	-	221,046	221,046	221,046	-
Total Adaptive Science					<u>106,198</u>	<u>121,986</u>	<u>578,243</u>	<u>578,243</u>	<u>594,031</u>	<u>-</u>
Total U.S. Department of the Interior					<u>243,066</u>	<u>148,526</u>	<u>750,522</u>	<u>750,522</u>	<u>655,982</u>	<u>-</u>
Passed Through Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection:										
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards	Indirect	11.419	C990002595	10/1/20-9/30/23	33,601	7,383	42,193	42,193	15,975	-
Total Passed Through Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection:					<u>33,601</u>	<u>7,383</u>	<u>42,193</u>	<u>42,193</u>	<u>15,975</u>	<u>-</u>
Passed Through Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency										
Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) Competitive Grants	Indirect	97.047	4100088976	7/1/20-10/1/22	70,000	18,112	39,140	39,140	(12,748)	-
Flood Mitigation Assistance	Indirect	97.029	4100088977	7/1/20-10/1/22	70,000	18,112	39,139	39,139	(12,749)	-
Total Passed Through Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency					<u>140,000</u>	<u>36,224</u>	<u>78,279</u>	<u>78,279</u>	<u>(25,497)</u>	<u>-</u>
							<u>117,418</u>			
Total Federal Awards					<u>\$ 914,145</u>	<u>\$ 331,228</u>	<u>\$ 1,519,700</u>	<u>\$ 1,519,700</u>	<u>\$ 936,783</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

\* Program tested as major



DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE A SCOPE OF THIS SCHEDULE

The federal programs as listed in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are accounted for by the Commission in the Special Projects Fund for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

NOTE B BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Commission uses the modified accrual method of recording transactions. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when incurred.

NOTE C INDIRECT COST RATES

The Commission has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D RISK-BASED AUDIT APPROACH

The 2022 threshold for determining Type A programs is \$750,000. One type B program was audited as major.

The amount expended under programs audited as major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022, totaled \$648,706 or 42.69% of total federal awards.

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

I. Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

*Financial Statements*

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? Yes \_\_\_ no X
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?  
Yes \_\_\_\_\_ none reported X

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes \_\_\_ No X

*Federal Awards*

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? Yes \_\_\_ no X
- Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?  
Yes \_\_\_ none reported X

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? yes \_\_\_ no X

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
66.419	Water Pollution Control State, Interstate, and Tribal Program Support

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes \_\_\_ No X

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

II. Findings related to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS.

**None to be reported.**

III. Findings and questioned costs for federal awards.

**None to be reported.**

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION  
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS  
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**No prior year findings were reported.**