

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

ZELENKOFSKE AXELROD LLC Jamison, Pennsylvania

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# **CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 – 9
Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	11
Funds Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund	16
Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund	17
Notes to Financial Statements	18 – 41
Required Supplemental Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual	43 – 44
Schedule of Commission's Contributions	45
Schedule of Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	46
Statistical Section Unaudited	
Net Position (Deficit) by Component	48
Changes in Net Position	49 – 50
Fund Balances Governmental Funds	51
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	52
Outstanding Debt by Type	53

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# **CONTENTS**

	<u>Page</u>
Supplemental Schedules	
Schedule of Active Special Projects for the Year Ended June 30, 2015	55 – 56
General Fund Expenditures – By Category and Object for the Year Ended June 30, 2015	57 - 58
Single Audit Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards for the Year Ended June 30, 2015	59
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	60
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	61 – 62
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 and New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04	63 – 64
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	65
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	66

# Zelenkofske Axelrod LLC

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Commissioners
Delaware River Basin Commission

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position of the Delaware River Basin Commission ("Commission") at June 30, 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net activities and cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Commission's statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission at June 30, 2015, and changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Zelenkofske Axelrod LLC

To the Commissioners Delaware River Basin Commission Page 2

### **Adoptions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Pronouncements**

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2015 the Commission adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27," the provisions of Statement No. 69, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68". Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual, schedule of commission's contributions, and schedule of commission's proportionate share of net pension liability on pages 4 through 9, 43 through 44, 45, 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The accompanying required supplemental information and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and New Jersey State Office of Management and Budget Circular Letter 04-04, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The information included in the required supplemental information and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the required supplemental information

# Zelenkofske Axelrod LLC

To the Commissioners Delaware River Basin Commission Page 3

and schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The statistical section and supplemental schedules are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2015, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Zelenhofske Axeliod LLC

ZELENKOFSKE AXELROD LLC

Jamison, Pennsylvania December 22, 2015

### Who We Are

The Delaware River Basin Commission was formed in 1961 by compact agreement among the United States Government and the States of Delaware, New Jersey, New York and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (signatory parties) for the purpose of developing and implementing plans, policies and projects relating to the water resources of the Delaware River Basin. Commission programs include water quality protection, water supply allocation, regulatory review, water conservation initiatives, watershed planning, drought management, flood loss reduction and recreation.

#### Overview

Our discussion and analysis provides an overview of the Commission's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The Commission's general fund unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$4,009,932 as of June 30, 2015, a decrease of \$8,962,917. This is mainly due to a change in accounting principle for pension liabilities in governmental activities, discussed in the Debt section.
- The total cost of the Commission's governmental programs and projects was \$6,405,065.
- The Commission's business-type net position stands at \$17,365,887 as of June 30 2015, an increase of \$735,158.

### **Using This Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The *Statement of Net Position* (p. 9) and the *Statement of Activities* (p. 10) provide information about the activities of the Commission as a whole and present a long-term view of the Commission's finances.

Fund financial statements start on page 11. These statements tell how governmental activities were financed in the short-term.

### Reporting the Commission as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities-

One of the most important questions asked about the Commission's finances is, "Is the Commission better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Commission in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Commission's net position and changes in them. You can think of the Commission's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the Commission's financial health, or financial position. Over time the increases or decreases in the Commission's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader should consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as the funding commitments of the States and Federal Government who contribute a significant portion of the funding for the Commission's governmental activities.

All references to government-wide statements include both governmental activities and business-type activities. In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we divide the Commission into two kinds of activities: governmental and business-type.

- Governmental activities-Most of the Commissions basic services are reported here including
  general government and administration, planning and implementation, project review, basin
  operations, modeling and monitoring and special projects. The signatory parties along with
  project-specific grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities-The Commission provides water storage in two federal facilities at Beltzville and Blue Marsh Lakes. The Commission has agreed to reimburse the federal government for the construction costs of these facilities. Costs associated with the operation, maintenance and debt service for these facilities as well as conservation, demand and administrative costs are reported here. The Commission has a fee structure that is applied to certain post-compact surface water users in the basin.

### **Reporting the Commission's Most Significant Funds**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the Commission as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by generally accepted accounting principles. However the Commission establishes some funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes such as special projects or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain grants and other money.

The Commission's two kinds of funds- governmental and proprietary- use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds-the Commission's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Commission's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Commission's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation schedule at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds-the Commission levies a fee on various entities in the basin for their consumptive and non-consumptive use of surface water. These revenues are reported in the proprietary fund. Costs associated with water storage facilities, water conservation and demand activities and related administrative activities are also reported in the proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. In fact the Commission's proprietary fund is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

# The Commission as a Whole

As of June 30, 2015 the government-wide net position stands at \$13,787,788. The net position/(deficit) of the governmental and business-type activities total (\$3,578,099) and \$17,365,887 respectively. A decrease of \$8,956,463 in net position resulted from governmental activities and an increase of \$735,158 in net position resulted from business activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

Net position is classified into three categories: unrestricted, restricted and invested in capital assets (net of related debt). For the year ending June 30, 2015 the government-wide investment in capital assets decreased by \$67,210. The governmental activities' investment in capital assets decreased by \$70,495 and the business-type activities investment in capital assets increased by \$3,285. The decrease in invested in capital assets is the difference between capitalized costs and depreciation charges during the fiscal year.

#### **Governmental Activities**

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, revenues, excluding inter-fund transfers, decreased by \$363,249 or approximately 8% from the prior fiscal year. General Fund, revenues from the State of New York were \$359,500, \$113,500 more than the prior year and revenues from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania were \$434,000, \$564,350 less than the prior year. Project Review revenue, including compliance revenue was \$754,793, higher by \$262,949. Revenue from Special Projects was \$116,682 less than the prior fiscal year. Details of this decrease are presented in the table below:

	Project Name		FY15		FY15		FY15 FY14		FY14	(	Change	
202	Pinchot Institue	\$		\$	10,212	\$	(10.212)					
		Φ	-	Φ	· ·	Φ	(10,212)					
203	Didymo Nutrients		402.024		11,547		(11,547)					
310	USGS Monitoring		193,034		260,202		(67,168)					
	OASIS Model		-		35,592		(35,592)					
314A	S .		777		1,236		(459)					
315	PA Protected Area		113,361		108,017		5,344					
326B	WPF-Software Tool, Planning Process		159,969		116,067		43,902					
326C	WFP Exp Baseline Monitoring		57,987		24,431		33,556					
329A	Consumptive Use Review		8,617				8,617					
343	Early Warning System		78,249		82,645		(4,396)					
350A	NG Monitoring-Haas Trust		37		2,715		(2,678)					
353	PA Water Plan		2,419		-		2,419					
362	106 Grant		834,375		627,496		206,879					
364	LDM Point Discharger Study		-		40,078		(40,078)					
364	NPS Brochure Production		25,086		-		25,086					
369	Del Estuary Mercury Study		-		21,456		(21,456)					
372A			-		32,495		(32,495)					
372	William Penn Foundation		-		3,000		(3,000)					
374	Comprehensive Plan		-		132,992		(132,992)					
375	NJ Flood Outreach		5,113		11,926		(6,813)					
385	Enhanced Flood Warning System		-		2,659		(2,659)					
386	Ecological Flow Recommendations			_	70,940	_	(70,940)					
Grand	Total	œ.	1,479,024	Φ,	1,595,70 <u>6</u>	¢	(116,682)					
Giailu	ıvlai	Φ	1,413,024	Ð	1,080,700	Φ	(110,002)					

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$6,405,065. The portion of this cost that was paid by signatory contributions was \$1,933,500 with the balance of costs being funded by grants, fees, miscellaneous income and interfund transfers.

### **Business-Type Activities**

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, water sales revenues increased \$368,469, approximately 12%, to \$3,557,378. Operating expenses were \$918,210, down \$131,163 mainly due to reduced operating and maintenance expenses for the Blue Marsh and Beltzville reservoirs. Net operating transfers out were \$1,926,470, up \$60,536 from fiscal 2014. Non-operating revenues were \$22,460. This is \$1,214,929 worse than fiscal 2014, mainly due to a combination of decreased investment income of \$158,211, decreased realized gains on investments of \$194,601 and unrealized investment losses of \$868,228. These items are responsible for net income of \$735,158 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, \$775,833 less than fiscal 2014.

### The Commission's Funds

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 the Commission's governmental activities funds reported a combined total of \$4,512,963 in fund balance, a decrease of \$240,663 from fiscal 2014. This is \$1,030 worse than fiscal 2014 results. Compared to 2014, signatory contributions decreased by \$450,850, due to a decrease of \$564,350 from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that was partially offset by a \$113,500 increase from the State of New York. Special project revenue decreased \$116,682. The 106, water pollution control grant had revenues of \$834,375, \$206,879 better than fiscal 2014.

# **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Please see page 44 General Fund Budget vs Actual for more details. The budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 had not been amended since its original adoption. For fiscal 2015 the Commission reported a total unfavorable variance of \$55,563.

Notable revenue variances include an unfavorable variance of \$715,000 in federal revenue, a \$198,629 favorable variance in revenue from project review fees and a favorable variance of \$65,317 in Other Income due to compliance revenue, better than budget by \$60,180. Overall there is an unfavorable revenue variance of \$453,476 for fiscal 2015.

Notable expense variances include favorable personal services and fringe benefits variances of \$247,100 and \$192,798 due to charges to special projects and position vacancies. The favorable variance in special and contractual services is due to lower than expected legal fees, under budget by \$65,896 and lower than expected technical and scientific services, under budget by \$16,958. Overall there is a favorable expense variance of \$460,596.

There is an unfavorable variance in transfers in of \$160,263 due to lower than expected transfers from the water supply storage facilities fund of \$97,981 and lower than expected transfers from special projects of \$62,282. Transfers out were \$265,420, a favorable variance of \$97,580. In total net transfers were worse than budget by \$62,683.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

# **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2015, the Commission reported \$6,053,232 in capital assets net of depreciation. Capital assets include equipment, furniture, building, building improvements and the Commission's share of construction costs for two federal water storage facilities: Beltzville Lake and Bluemarsh Lake.

#### Debt

As of June 30, 2015 the Commission had \$20,928,432 in long-term debt outstanding. This can be broken down into five categories:

- \$11,065,397 for loans due to the Army Corps of Engineers for construction of water storage facilities
- \$8,076,921 as a net pension liability plus \$844,980 in deferred inflows related to the pension liability (see footnote 7)
- \$439,251 due to the State of New Jersey for the early retirement program that was adopted September 25, 1991
- \$450,700 for employees accrued leave time
- \$51,183 for equipment leases

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the Commission implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement number 68 (GASB 68). This resulted in a charge of \$8,675,327 due to a change in accounting principle on the statement of activities. Also, in accordance with GASB 68, a net pension liability of \$8,076,921 was recorded in the financial statements, along with a liability of \$844,980 for pension-related deferred inflows and an asset of \$253,982 for pension-related outflows.

The implementation of GASB 68 and resulting charges for the change in accounting principle has caused a net position deficit of \$3,578,099 for the Commission's governmental activities. Without these accounting changes the net position for government activities would have been \$5,097,228. Please refer to footnote 7 for more details.

The fund balance of the governmental funds remains unaffected by this accounting change because long-term pension liabilities are not recognized in the fund-basis statements. The general fund, unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2015 stands at \$3,665,640.

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued new statements that address accounting for other post-employment benefits (OPEB), such as retiree health insurance that will take effect on June 30, 2017. When these statements are implemented, it will require the Commission to recognize the unfunded portion of its actuarially determined liability for retiree health insurance benefits. As of July 1, 2015, this liability was actuarially measured at \$4,798,519.

#### **Economic Conditions and Outlook**

Significant factors that have had and will continue to have an impact on the financial resources available to the Commission are the level of signatory party contributions, the liability for pension benefits and the liability for other post employment benefits.

Signatory party contributions represent a major source of funding for the Commission's governmental activities. The 100-year compact stipulates that the five signatory parties agree to support the Commission's annual budget. The federal government adhered to this legislative obligation for 35 years, paying its fair share of the Commission's annual operating budget.

A major issue has been the elimination of the federal signatory contribution in 1997. Since then, the federal government has provided a signatory contribution to the Commission only for the federal fiscal year ending September 30, 2009. As of June 30, 2015 the cumulative federal shortfall totals \$12.1 million. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 the Commission did not receive a signatory contribution from the federal government.

The Commission continues its efforts to restore and maintain federal funding.

The Commission has entered into administrative agreements with the State of New Jersey, effective December 18, 2009 and the State of Delaware, effective July 28, 2010. These agreements modified existing agreements and could limit the scope of the Commission's project review activities in New Jersey and Delaware, which may result in reduced revenue from project review activities in future years. A new agreement with New Jersey entered into in March 2015 will not take effect until early 2016 and is unlikely to alter the fiscal effect of the 2009 agreement. The commission in currently in discussions with the State of New York and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania regarding agreements with those states that are not anticipated to affect revenues from future project review activities.

The Commission has promulgated draft rules and regulations associated with the development of natural gas in the Basin which, if adopted, will result in additional expenditures and revenues in future years.

The factors outlined above will pose significant challenges to the Commission in future years.

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2014)

Totals

Comman   C
Projects
Assets
Cash and Cash Equivalents
Investments
OPEB Asset         8,013         8,013         8,013         8,272           Interest Receivables (Net)         121,864         121,864         131,046           Receivables (Net)         1         177,989         177,989         177,989         252,146           Interfund Receivable         260,000         177,989         177,989         252,146         177,989         252,146           Interfund Receivable         260,000         280,000         260,000         6864         864           Water Sales         3         1         35,166         75,040         35,660         752,49           Reimbursable Water Supply Storage Facility Costs         3         3,166         35,166         75,040         35,66         75,249           Capital Assets (ret)         845,343         431,833         1,277,176         4,776,056         6,053,232         6,353,335           Total Assets         \$5,797,638         \$1,883,190         \$7,480,828         \$2,824,566         \$3,005,344         \$36,434,971           Deferred Cutflows of Resources         \$253,982         \$253,982         \$253,982         \$253,982         \$253,982         \$2,000,00         \$2,000,00         \$2,000,00         \$2,000,00         \$2,000,00         \$2,000,00         \$2,000,00
Receivables (Net)   Due From Other Governments   177,989   177,989   177,989   252,146   Interfund Receivable   260,000   260,000   260,000   36
Due From Other Governments
Interfund Receivable   260,000   - 260,000   - 80,000
Other </td
Water Sales         . <th< td=""></th<>
Reimbursable Water Supply Storage Facility Costs         .         .         .         .         .         75,040         75,040         89,361           Prepaid Expenses         35,166         .         .         35,166         .         .         35,166         .         75,249           Capital Assets (net)         .
Prepaid Expenses   35,166   4,76,056   6,053,235   6,535,335     Capital Assets (net)   845,343   431,833   1,277,176   4,776,056   6,053,235   6,535,335     Total Assets   5,797,638   5,1683,190   7,480,828   28,824,566   36,305,394   36,349,791     Deferred Outflows of Resources   Changes in pension assumptions   \$253,982
Capital Assets (net)         845,343         431,833         1,277,176         4,776,056         6,053,232         6,535,358           Total Assets         \$5,797,638         \$1,683,190         \$7,480,828         \$28,824,566         \$36,305,394         \$36,349,791           Deferred Outflows of Resources         Changes in pension assumptions         \$253,982         \$100,294         \$253,982         \$253,982         \$253,982         \$361,537           Liabilities and Net Position:         Accounts Payable         \$198,139         \$100,294         \$298,433         \$100,001         \$398,434         \$361,537           Interfund Payable         \$260,000         260,000         \$260,000
Deferred Outflows of Resources   Changes in pension assumptions   \$253,982   \$   \$253,982   \$   \$253,982   \$   \$253,982   \$   \$253,982   \$   \$253,982   \$   \$253,982   \$   \$253,982   \$
Deferred Outflows of Resources         Changes in pension assumptions         \$ 253,982         \$ -         \$ 253,982         \$ 253,982         \$ 263,092         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 293,013         \$ 293,051         \$ 293,051         \$ 293,051         \$ 293,0
Deferred Outflows of Resources         Changes in pension assumptions         \$ 253,982         \$ -         \$ 253,982         \$ 253,982         \$ 263,092         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 260,000         \$ 293,013         \$ 293,051         \$ 293,051         \$ 293,051         \$ 293,0
Changes in pension assumptions         \$ 253,982         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 25
Changes in pension assumptions         \$ 253,982         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 250,000         \$ 25
Liabilities and Net Position:         Accounts Payable         \$ 198,139         \$ 100,294         \$ 298,433         \$ 100,001         \$ 398,434         \$ 361,537           Interfund Payable         -         260,000         -         343,50         -         94,355         -         94,355         100,271         400,000         -         260,000         -         260,000         -         903,673         1,239,291         428,008         -         248,008         -         248,008         -         248,008         -         483,300 <td< td=""></td<>
Accounts Payable         \$ 198,139         \$ 100,294         \$ 298,433         \$ 100,001         \$ 398,434         \$ 361,537           Interfund Payable         -         260,000         -         300,001         488,091         100,271         400,000         -         94,355         100,271         400,000         400,000         428,808         100,271         400,000         428,808         400,000         428,808         400,000         428,808         400,000         428,808         400,000         428,808         400,000         428,808         400,000         428,808         400,000         428,808         400,000         428,808         400,000         400,000         400,000         400,000         400,000
Accounts Payable         \$ 198,139         \$ 100,294         \$ 298,433         \$ 100,001         \$ 398,434         \$ 361,537           Interfund Payable         -         260,000         -         260,000         -         260,000         -           Accrued Interest         -         -         -         186,694         186,694         195,919           Employee Compensation and Benefits         94,355         -         94,355         -         94,355         100,271           Advances         26,839         876,834         903,673         -         903,673         1,239,291           Accrued Leave Time         426,805         14,229         441,034         9,666         450,700         428,808           Long Term Liabilities:         2         24,330         -         342,330         96,921         439,251         483,399           Net Pension Liability         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         1,133         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -
Interfund Payable         260,000         260,000         260,000         260,000         -         260,000         -         Accrued Interest         -         -         186,694         195,919         -         -         -         186,694         195,919         -         -         -         186,694         195,919         -         -         -         94,355         -         94,355         -         94,355         -         94,355         -         94,355         -         903,673         1,239,291           Advances         26,839         876,834         903,673         -         903,673         1,239,291           Accrued Leave Time         426,805         14,229         441,034         9,666         450,700         428,808           Long Term Liabilities:         2         2         342,330         96,921         439,251         483,399           Net Pension Liability         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         -         11,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         -
Accrued Interest         -         -         -         186,694         195,919           Employee Compensation and Benefits         94,355         -         94,355         -         94,355         -         94,355         100,271           Advances         26,839         876,834         903,673         -         903,673         1,239,291           Accrued Leave Time         426,805         14,229         441,034         9,666         450,700         428,808           Long Term Liabilities:         2         2         342,330         96,921         439,251         483,399           Net Pension Liability         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,833         -         51,833         -         51,833         -         51,833         -
Employee Compensation and Benefits         94,355         -         94,355         -         94,355         100,271           Advances         26,839         876,834         903,673         -         903,673         1,239,291           Accrued Leave Time         426,805         14,229         441,034         9,666         450,700         428,808           Long Term Liabilities:         Early Retirement Program         342,330         -         342,330         96,921         439,251         483,399           Net Pension Liability         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,283,426         10,583,426         11,074,739           Due in more than one year         -         -         -         -         10,583,426 <t< td=""></t<>
Advances         26,839         876,834         903,673         -         903,673         1,239,291           Accrued Leave Time         426,805         14,229         441,034         9,666         450,700         428,808           Long Term Liabilities:         Early Retirement Program         342,330         -         342,330         96,921         439,251         483,399           Net Pension Liability         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,283         -         51,283         -         51,283         -         51,283         -         10,583,426         11,074,739         11,074,739         10,467,929         11,45
Accrued Leave Time         426,805         14,229         441,034         9,666         450,700         428,808           Long Term Liabilities:         Early Retirement Program         342,330         - 342,330         96,921         439,251         483,399           Net Pension Liability         8,076,921         - 8,076,921         - 8,076,921         - 8,076,921         - 51,183 <td< td=""></td<>
Long Term Liabilities:       Searly Retirement Program       342,330       342,330       96,921       439,251       483,399         Net Pension Liability       8,076,921       8,076,921       -       8,076,921       -       8,076,921       -         Lease Obligation       51,183       -       51,183       -       51,183       -       -       -       -         Due to US Army Corps of Engineers       -<
Early Retirement Program       342,330       - 342,330       96,921       439,251       483,399         Net Pension Liability       8,076,921       - 8,076,921       - 8,076,921       - 8,076,921       - 51,183
Net Pension Liability         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -         8,076,921         -           Lease Obligation         51,183         -         51,183         -         51,183         -           Due to US Army Corps of Engineers         - <t< td=""></t<>
Lease Obligation         51,183         61,183         61,183         61,183         61,183         61,183         61,183         61,183         61,183         61,183         61,183         61,184         <
Due to US Army Corps of Engineers         -
Due within one year         -         -         -         481,971         481,971         481,971         456,734           Due in more than one year         -         -         -         10,583,426         10,583,426         11,074,739           Total Liabilities         9,216,572         1,251,357         10,467,929         11,458,679         21,926,608         14,340,698           Deferred Inflows of Resources
Due in more than one year         -         -         -         10,583,426         10,583,426         11,074,739           Total Liabilities         9,216,572         1,251,357         10,467,929         11,458,679         21,926,608         14,340,698           Deferred Inflows of Resources
Total Liabilities 9,216,572 1,251,357 10,467,929 11,458,679 21,926,608 14,340,698  Deferred Inflows of Resources
Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings 481 341 - 481 341 - 481 341 - 481 341
Changes in Pension Proportions         363,639         -         363,639         -         363,639         -
T. I.D. ( II.II
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources         844,980         -         844,980         -         844,980         -
Not Position / Deficitly
Net Position (Deficit)"    Invested in Control Access Net of Related Debt 704.160 434.932 1.35.002 (6.380.244) (6.98.244) (6.98.244) (7.98.138)
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 794,160 431,833 1,225,993 (6,289,341) (5,063,348) (4,996,138)  Restricted 8.013 - 8.013 - 8.013 8.272
Restricted         8,013         -         8,013         -         8,013         8,272           Unrestricted         (4,812,105)         -         (4,812,105)         23,655,228         18,843,123         26,996,959
Total Net Position \$ (4,009,932) \$ 431,833 \$ (3,578,099) \$ 17,365,887 \$ 13,787,788 \$ 22,009,093

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2015 (WITH SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014)

			Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position			Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Indirect Expenses Allocation	Charges for Services/Usage	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Primary government: General government	\$ 2,631,032	\$ (1,787,928)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (843,104)	\$ -	\$ (843,104)	\$ (998,153)
Planning and Information Technology	608,925	288,475	-	-	(897,400)	-	(897,400)	(906,389)
Modeling, Monitoring and Assessment	401,471	190,195	-	-	(591,666)	-	(591,666)	(470,593)
Water Resources Management	1,025,312 1,738,325	485,736 823,522	598,629	- 1,479,024	(912,419) (1,082,823)	-	(912,419)	(798,095)
Special projects	1,730,323	023,322	<u>-</u>	1,479,024	(1,002,023)	<u>-</u>	(1,082,823)	(1,270,612)
Total Governmental Activities	6,405,065	-	598,629	1,479,024	(4,327,412)	-	(4,327,412)	(4,443,842)
Business-Type Activities:								
Water Supply Storage Facilities	1,304,051		3,557,378			2,253,327	2,253,327	1,747,584
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,709,116	\$ -	\$ 4,156,007	\$ 1,479,024	\$ (4,327,412)	\$ 2,253,327	\$ (2,074,085)	\$ (2,696,258)
	General revenue	es:						
	Grants and co	ontributions not restricted to spe	cial programs		\$ 1,933,500	\$ -	\$ 1,933,500	\$ 2,384,350
	Investment ea	arnings			-	408,301	408,301	1,629,341
	Miscellaneou	s income			186,306	-	186,306	102,893
	Transfers				1,926,470	(1,926,470)		
	Total g	eneral revenues and transfers			4,046,276	(1,518,169)	2,528,107	4,116,584
	C	hange in net assets			(281,136)	735,158	454,022	1,420,326
	Net Position-Beg	inning of Year			5,378,364	16,630,729	22,009,093	20,588,767
	Cumulative Char	nge			(8,675,327)		(8,675,327)	
	Net Position-End	ling of Year			\$ (3,578,099)	\$ 17,365,887	\$ 13,787,788	\$ 22,009,093

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2014)

Totals Iemorandum Only

							andum Only)		
			Sno	ecial Projects	June 30,		iduiii	June 30,	
	G	eneral Fund	Spe	Fund	2015		2014		
Assets:		eneral i unu		i uliu		2013		2014	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,649,116	\$	1,073,368	\$	5,722,484	\$	6,068,688	
OPEB Asset	Ψ	8,013	Ψ	1,073,300	Ψ	8,013	Ψ	8,272	
Interest Receivable		0,013				0,013		15	
Accounts Receivable		-		177,989		177,989		208,696	
		200,000		177,909				•	
Interfund Receivable Prepaid Expenses		260,000 35,167		<u> </u>		260,000 35,167		44,315 75,250	
Total Assets	\$	4,952,296	\$	1,251,357	\$	6,203,653	\$	6,405,236	
Liabilitities and Fund Balances:									
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	198,139	\$	100,294	\$	298,433	\$	178,177	
Interfund Payable	Ψ	100,100	Ψ	260,000	Ψ	260,000	Ψ	-	
Employee Compensation and Benefits		94,355		200,000		94,355		100,272	
Advances		26,839		876,834		903,673		1,239,291	
Accrued Vacation and Sick Time		120,000		14,229	_	134,229		133,870	
Total Liabilities	_	439,333		1,251,357	_	1,690,690		1,651,610	
Fund Balances:									
Committed:									
Early Retirement		300,000		-		300,000		300,000	
Retirement Benefits Fund		8,013		-		8,013		8,272	
Assigned:									
Designated for Vacation and Compensatory Time		175,000		-		175,000		175,000	
Designated for Sick Pay Retirement		110,000		-		110,000		110,000	
Designated for Completion of Special Projects		254,310		-		254,310		300,310	
Unassigned		3,665,640	-	<u>-</u>	_	3,665,640		3,860,044	
Total Fund Balances		4,512,963		<u>-</u>		4,512,963		4,753,626	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,952,296	\$	1,251,357					
Total Net Position Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of									
Net Position is Different Because:									
Capital Assets used in Governmental Activities are Not Financial Resources and Therefore are Not Reported in the Funds.						1 077 176		1 206 400	
Long-Term Liabilities are Not Due and Payable in the Current Period						1,277,176		1,296,488	
and Therefore are Not Reported in the Funds.						(700,319)		(671,750)	
Change in Pension Assumptions						253,982		-	
Net Pension Liability						(8,076,921)		-	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings						(481,341)		-	
Change in Pension Proportions						(363,639)			
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(3,578,099)	\$	5,378,364	

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014)

(Totals Memorandum Only) Special Projects June 30. June 30. General Fund 2015 2014 Funds Revenues Signatory Party Contributions: State of Delaware 447,000 447,000 468,456 State of New Jersev 693.000 5.113 698.113 704.926 State of New York 359,500 359,500 246,000 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 434,000 115,780 549,780 1,141,837 Federal Government United States 859,461 859,461 681,780 Sale of Publications 2,778 2,778 2,444 491,844 Project Review Fees 598,629 598,629 Investment Income 197,617 696,287 Fines, Assessments and Other Income 498,670 837,510 **Total Revenues** 2,732,524 1,479,024 4,211,548 4,574,797 Expenditures: Personnel Services 2,464,300 547,303 3,011,603 3,133,111 Special and Contractual Services 137,938 817,876 955,814 1,087,400 Other Services 165,686 185 165,871 153,532 Supplies and Materials 32,191 15,046 47,237 67,254 **Buildings and Grounds** 202,315 14 202,329 271,377 Communications 24,590 1,684 26,274 27,439 Travel 56,413 4,647 61,060 62,849 Maintenance, Replacements, Acquisitions and Rentals 97,669 47,880 145,549 109,320 Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions 1,452,802 310,142 1,762,944 1,768,082 **Total Expenditures** 4,633,904 1,744,777 6,378,681 6,680,364 Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues (1,901,380) (265,753)(2,167,133)(2,105,567)Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In 1,926,137 336,472 2,262,609 2,619,017 Operating Transfers (Out) (265, 420)(70,719)(336, 139)(753,083)Total Other Financing Sources - Net 1,660,717 265,753 1,926,470 1,865,934 Net Change in Fund Balances (239,633)(240,663)(240,663)Fund Balances-Beginning of Year 4,753,626 4,753,626 4,993,259 Fund Balances-End of Year 4,512,963 4,512,963 \$ 4,753,626

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	 2015		2014
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (240,663)	\$	(239,633)
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is amortized over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital assets of 151,696 exceeds depreciation 95,289 in the current period.	(56,407)		52,717
Repayment of compensated absences is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is not reported in the statement of activities.	(21,531)		69,892
Loss on disposal of assets is reported in the statement of activities but excluded from governmental funds.	(14,091)		-
Repayment of the liability for early retirement is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and is not reported in the statement of activities.	44,148		26,359
Change in Pension Expense	 7,408		
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (281,136)	<u>\$</u>	(90,665)

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2014)

Assets	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Water Supply Storage Facilities	Tot (Memorand June 30, 2015	
Current Assets:  Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,854,062	\$ 1,854,062	\$ 1,723,809
Investments	21,158,904	21,158,904	20,634,771
Other Interest Receivables	121,864	121,864	131,031
Water Sales Receivables (Net)	838,640	838,640	830,249
Reimbursable Water Supply Storage Facility Costs	75,040	75,040	89,361
Total Current Assets	24,048,510	24,048,510	23,409,221
Non Current Assets:			
Land, Building and Improvements (Net)	4,729,900	4,729,900	5,151,386
Furniture and Equipment (Net)	46,156	46,156	87,461
Total Non Current Assets	4,776,056	4,776,056	5,238,847
Total Assets	\$ 28,824,566	\$ 28,824,566	\$ 28,648,068
Liabilities and Net Position			
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 100,001	\$ 100,001	\$ 183,360
Interfund Payable	-	-	-
Accrued Interest	186,694	186,694	195,919
Due To US Army Corps of Engineers	481,971	481,971	456,734
Total Current Liabilities	768,666	768,666	836,013
Non Current Liabilities:  Accrued Leave Time			
Accrued Vacation and Sick Time	9,666	9,666	9,666
Early Retirement Program	96,921	96,921	96,921
Due To US Army Corps of Engineers	10,583,426	10,583,426	11,074,739
Total Non Current Liabilities	10,690,013	10,690,013	11,181,326
Total Liabilities	11,458,679	11,458,679	12,017,339
Net Position			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	(6,289,341)	(6,289,341)	(6,292,626)
Unrestricted	23,655,228	23,655,228	22,923,355
Total Net Position	17,365,887	17,365,887	16,630,729
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 28,824,566	\$ 28,824,566	\$ 28,648,068

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014)

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds	Tot (Memorano	dum Only)
	Water Supply	June 30,	June 30,
	Storage Facility	2015	2014
Operating Revenue:			
Charges for Services:			
Water Sales	\$ 3,557,378	\$ 3,557,378	\$ 3,188,909
Total Operating Revenue	3,557,378	3,557,378	3,188,909
Operating Expenses:			
Special and Contractual Services	447,871	447,871	604,829
Legal Expense	6,818	6,818	-
Depreciation	463,521	463,521	444,544
Total Operating Expenses	918,210	918,210	1,049,373
Operating Income:	2,639,168	2,639,168	2,139,536
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest Income	562,024	562,024	720,235
Realized Gain on Sales of Investments	309,717	309,717	504,318
Net Increase in Fair Value of Investments	(463,440)	(463,440)	404,788
Interest Expense	(385,841)	(385,841)	(391,952)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	22,460	22,460	1,237,389
Net Income Before Operating Transfers	2,661,628	2,661,628	3,376,925
Net Operating Transfers (Out)	(1,926,470)	(1,926,470)	(1,865,934)
Change in Net Position	735,158	735,158	1,510,991
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	16,630,729	16,630,729	15,119,738
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 17,365,887	\$ 17,365,887	\$ 16,630,729

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014)

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds Water Supply Storage Facilities	To (Memoran June 30, 2015	tals dum Only) June 30, 2014
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash Received from Water Users Payments to Vendors and Suppliers	\$ 3,548,987 (371,330)	\$ 3,548,987 (371,330)	\$ 3,183,660 (425,003)
Net Cash Provided from Operations	3,177,657	3,177,657	2,758,657
Cash Flows From Financing Activities: Operating Transfers to Other Funds	(1,926,470)	(1,926,470)	(1,865,935)
Net Cash Used in Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	(1,926,470)	(1,926,470)	(1,865,935)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition of Capital Assets Interest Paid Principal Received Internal Balances Principal Paid	(730) (395,008) 14,321 - (466,076)	(730) (395,008) 14,321 - (466,076)	(18,299) (284,018) 13,842 (1,260,000) (278,598)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(847,493)	(847,493)	(1,827,073)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Received Sale (Purchase) of Investments, Net	571,191 (844,632)	571,191 (844,632)	727,055 (277,687)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(273,441)	(273,441)	449,368
Net Increase/( Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents-Beginning of Year	130,253 1,723,809	130,253 1,723,809	(484,983) 2,208,792
Cash and Cash Equivalents-End of Year	\$ 1,854,062	\$ 1,854,062	\$ 1,723,809
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating income Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$ 2,639,168	\$ 2,639,168	\$ 2,139,536
Depreciation and Net Amortization Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities: Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	463,521 (8,391) 83,359	463,521 (8,391) 83,359	444,544 (5,249) 179,826
Total Adjustments	538,489	538,489	619,121
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 3,177,657	\$ 3,177,657	\$ 2,758,657

### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Nature of Entity

The Delaware River Basin Commission (the "Commission") was formed in 1961 by agreement among the U.S. Government and the States of Delaware, New Jersey, New York, and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the purpose of developing and implementing plans, policies, and projects relating to the water resources of the Delaware River Basin.

The accompanying financial statements of the Delaware River Basin Commission have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In June 1999 the GASB issued Statement 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. This statement established new financial reporting requirements for state and local governmental entities throughout the United States. They require new information and restructure much of the information that governments have presented in the past. Comparability with reports issued in prior years is affected.

The Commission has implemented these standards for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004 and future periods. With the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the Commission has prepared required supplementary information titled *Management's Discussion and Analysis*, which precedes the basic financial statements.

Other GASB Statements are required to be implemented in conjunction with GASB Statement 34. Therefore, the Commission has implemented the following GASB Statements: Statement 37 – Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus and Statement 38 – Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures; Statement 40 – Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures and Statement 44 – Economic Condition Reporting – The Statistical Section.

In July 2004, the GASB issued Statement 45 Accounting for Other Post-Employment Benefits. The Commission has implemented this statement beginning in the fiscal year ending 2010.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the Commission, the results of operations of the Commission and the various funds and fund types, and the cash flows of the proprietary funds. The financial statements are presented as of June 30, 2015 for the year then ended.

# A) Reporting Entity

Government accounting principles require the financial reporting entity to include the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations, for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based on these criteria, the Commission has no component units and the reporting entity is composed solely of the primary government.

# B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net position, and the statement of activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by signatory and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are financed by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit form goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Signatory revenues and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary fund. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

# NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C) <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting</u>, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Commission considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 365 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred except debt service and net pension liability, as under accrual accounting. Signatory revenues, operating grants, capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when the Commission receives cash.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The Commission reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary government's primary operating fund. It
accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those
required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues of this fund are
primarily derived from signatory revenues, state and federal grants, fees for
services. Many of the basic activities of the Commission are accounted for in
this fund, including the daily operations of the Commission.

# NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- C) <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)
  - The Special Projects Fund is used to account for specific revenue sources related to the provisions imposed by outside agencies or the Commission for services that are restricted to expenditures for those specified purposes.
  - The Commission's Enterprise Fund is a proprietary fund. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than an expense.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 31, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Based on the accounting and reporting standards set forth in GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Commission has opted to apply only the accounting and reporting pronouncements issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) on or before November 30, 1989 for business-type activities and enterprise funds.

The Commission reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund is used to account for the
operations of the Water Storage Facility that is financed and operated in a
manner similar to private business enterprises-where the intent of the
governing body is that costs of providing services to the general public on a
continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges and
cost reimbursement plans.

# NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# C) <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting</u>, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use unrestricted resources first, then restricted resources as they are needed for their intended purposes.

### D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the Commission considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

### 2. Receivables and Payables

### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "inter-fund receivable/payable."

#### 3. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices.

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant and equipment and infrastructure with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$500 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical costs if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlay of capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital asset of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

# NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

### 4. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following intended useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and Improvements	40 to 60
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 20
Water Supply Storage Facilities	50

### 5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable have been reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts.

### 6. Accrued Vacation and Sick Time

The Commission had a liability of \$450,700 representing vacation and sick time earned by employees as of June 30, 2015. Of this amount, \$441,034 is reported as a liability of Governmental activities and \$9,666 is shown as a liability of Business-type activities. In the government funds – balance sheet, liabilities of \$120,000 and \$14,229 were reflected in the General Fund and Special Projects Fund, respectively. There is also designated equity of \$285,000 for paid leave in the General Fund. In the Proprietary Fund Type Statements of Net Assets, a liability of \$9,666 is reflected for its portion of accrued vacation and sick time.

### 7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Assets.

# 8. Advances

Advances reported in government-wide financial statements represent unearned revenues. The advances will be recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are earned in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Advances reported in governmental fund financial statements represent unearned revenues or revenues which are measurable but not available and, in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported as deferred revenue. The Commission deems revenue received within 365 days of the year end to be available.

# NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# D) <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

### 9. Net Assets/Fund Balances

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation, classified as follows:

- Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net assets of the Commission, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

The Commission has established a policy of classifying fund balances in accordance with GASB #54 as follows:

- Committed Fund Balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Commission itself, using the highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commission takes the highest level action to remove or change the constraint. Presently amounts are committed for early retirement and post-employment health insurance that are actuarially determined.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts the Commission intends to use for a specific purpose. Presently amounts are assigned for sick and vacation compensation and for completion of special projects.
- Unassigned Fund Balance amounts that are available for any purpose.
   These amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The management of the Commission has the authority to express intended use of resources of resources in the assignment of fund balance, whereas a Commission resolution is required to express intended use of resources that results in a commitment of fund balance.

# 10. Interfund Transactions

Quasi external transactions are accounted for as revenue, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except quasi external transactions and reimbursements, are recorded as transfers.

# NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# D) <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

### 11. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The Statements of Net Position report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow or inflow of resources (expense/revenue) until then. The Commission has one item that qualifies for reporting in these categories: deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions.

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are described further in Note 7. The components of deferred outflows of resources are amortized into pension expense over a 6.44 year closed period, which reflects the weighted average remaining service life of all State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) members beginning the year in which the deferred amount occurs (current year). The components of deferred inflows, the annual difference between the projected and actual earnings on PERS investments, are amortized over a five-year closed period beginning the year in which the difference occurs (current year).

### 12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### 13. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United Sates of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimated.

# 14. Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The Commission adopted the provisions of GASB's Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." The adoption of this statement resulted in a restatement of Net Position.

The Commission adopted the provisions of GASB's Statement No. 69, "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations." The adoption of this statement had no effect on previously reported amounts.

# NOTE 1: NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# D) <u>Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity</u> (Continued)

### 14. Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The Commission adopted the provisions of GASB's Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." The adoption of this statement had no effect on previously reported amounts.

### 15. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB's Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application." This statement is required to be adopted by the Commission for the year ending June 30, 2016. The Commission has not determined the effect of GASB's Statement No. 72 on the financial statements.

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB's Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68." This statement is required to be adopted by the Commission for the year ending June 30, 2016. The Commission has not determined the effect of GASB's Statement No. 73 on the financial statements.

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB's Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pension Plans." This statement is required to be adopted by the Commission for the year ending June 30, 2017. The Commission has not determined the effect of GASB's Statement No. 74 on the financial statements.

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB's Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." This statement is required to be adopted by the Commission for the year ending June 30, 2018. The Commission has not determined the effect of GASB's Statement No. 75 on the financial statements.

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB's Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments." This statement is required to be adopted by the Commission for the year ending June 30, 2016. The Commission has not determined the effect of GASB's Statement No. 76 on the financial statements.

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued GASB's Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures." This statement is required to be adopted by the Commission for the year ending June 30, 2017. The Commission has not determined the effect of GASB's Statement No. 77 on the financial statements.

### NOTE 2: BUDGETS

The Commission's funds are under formal budgetary control as required by management of the Commission. The budget reflected in the financial statements was prepared generally on the same basis used to account for actual results and consists of those amounts contained in the formal budget, as approved and amended by the Delaware River Basin Board of Commissioners.

### NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The Commission has a written investment policy for the General Fund, Special Projects Fund and the Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund. The policy provides guidance on the scope, general objectives, standards of care, safekeeping and custody, suitable and authorized investments, investment parameters, reporting and policy considerations, prohibited types of transactions and collateralization.

The policy provides for the General and Special Projects Funds the following authorized investments:

- A) U.S. government obligations, U.S. government agency obligations, and U.S. government instrumentality obligations, which have a liquid market with a readily determinable market value:
- B) Certificates of deposit and other evidences of deposit at financial institutions, bankers' acceptances, and commercial paper, rated in the highest tier (e.g., A-1, P-1, F-1 or D-1).
- C) Investment grade obligations of the Compact Signatories;
- D) Local government investment pools, either state administered or administered through joint power statutes and other intergovernmental agreement legislation.

The policy provides for the Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund that the target asset allocation will be 30% (+/-5%) allocated to equities and 70% (+/-5%) to fixed income securities and money market investments and that the portfolio should be rebalanced to fall within the investment target at a minimum of every six (6) months.

Additionally, the Commissioners have authorized the Executive Director to utilize the services of professional asset managers. The Commission has retained the firms of Valley Forge Asset Management and Wilmington Trust Investment Management, LLC. These firms are currently managing the assets of the Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund that are in the Commission's name and in the custody of Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company and Wilmington Trust Company respectively, consistent with the Commission's investment policy.

### NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table shows the cash and investments of the Commission as of June 30, 2015 at fair market value:

Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash on Hand	General Fund	Special Projects Fund	Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund	Totals \$ 400
Cash - Wells Fargo Bank Cash Equivalents - New Jersey Cash Management Fund	436,379 4,212,337	29,563 1,043,805	695,915 6,253	1,161,857 5,262,395
Cash Equivalents - Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company Cash Equivalents - Wilmington Trust Company			703,612 448,282	703,612 448,282
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,649,116	\$ 1,073,368	\$ 1,854,062	\$ 7,576,546
	General Fund	Special Projects Fund	Storage Facilities Fund	Totals
Investments: Federal Obligations - Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 419,341	\$ 419,341
State Obligations - Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company	-	-	672,146	672,146
Corporate Obligations - Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company	-	-	5,082,131	5,082,131
Municipal Obligations - Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company Equities - Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company			662,948 3,536,753	662,948 3,536,753
Subtotal Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company	-	-	10,373,319	10,373,319
Federal Obligations - Wilmington Trust Company	-	-	4,268,407	4,268,407
Corporate Obligations - Wilmington Trust Company	-	-	2,844,576	2,844,576
Equities - Wilmington Trust Company		<del>-</del>	3,672,602	3,672,602
Subtotal Wilmington Trust Company	-	-	10,785,585	10,785,585
Total Investments		<u> </u>	21,158,904	21,158,904
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 4,649,116	\$ 1,073,368	\$ 23,012,966	\$ 28,735,450

Cash held at Wells Fargo Bank was in the name of the Commission and secured by a tryparty collateralization agreement. The collateral is held by the Bank of New York and is not in the Commission's name.

The New Jersey Cash Management Fund is a pooled fund managed by the State of New Jersey, and is neither insured by a third party or collateralized.

U.S. Bank cash equivalents are invested in a Government Obligations Fund. This fund invests exclusively in short-term U.S. government securities and repurchase agreements secured by U.S. government securities.

Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company cash equivalents are invested in a short-term Federal Government obligations fund.

Wilmington Trust Company cash equivalents are invested in a short-term fund comprised of both federal and corporate securities of the highest rating.

# NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table shows the fair value of federal, state, municipal and corporate obligations held by maturity range of June 30, 2015:

	Municipal Obligations		Corporate Obligations		State Obligations		Federal Obligations		Total	
Maturity: Less than 1 year 1 to 5 years 5 to 10 years	\$	- 454,340 208,608	\$	456,723 4,588,858 2,861,672	\$	302,360 369,786	\$	539,826 2,523,236 1,624,686	\$	996,549 7,868,794 5,064,752
10 to 15 years				19,454						19,454
Totals	\$	662,948	\$	7,926,707	\$	672,146	\$	4,687,748	\$	13,949,549

The following table displays the fair value of corporate obligations, by Standard & Poor rating as of June 30, 2015:

Corporate Obligations						
Α	\$ 2,041,547					
A-	1,160,026					
A+	496,393					
A1	35,530					
A2	140,541					
A3	648,231					
AA	100,000					
AA-	778,891					
AA1	14,940					
AA2	126,589					
AA3	76,336					
BAA1	798,342					
BAA2	589,131					
BAA3	414,936					
BBB+	505,274					
Totals	<u>\$ 7,926,707</u>					

Equity Investments held by Susquehanna Trust & Investment Company (for the Commission's account with Valley Forge Asset Management), Wilmington Trust Company (for the Commission's account with Wilmington Trust Investment Management Company, LLC) and ICMA RC are unsecured and subject to market risk.

### NOTE 3: CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment Interest Rate Risks – Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the Commission's Investments in debt obligations will decline due to changes in interest rates. The Commission's investment policy seeks to minimize interest rate risk by:

- a) Structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.
- b) Investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investments pools.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depositary insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized. The Commission's investment policy seeks to minimize custodial credit risk by:

- a) Limiting investments to the safest types of securities.
- b) Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries and advisers with which the Commission will do business.
- Diversifying the investment portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized.

The Commission maintains several bank accounts at Wells Fargo Bank. These accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. Additionally, these accounts are secured by a \$2,000,000 tri-party collateralization agreement. At no time during the year did the combined total of all bank accounts held at Wells Fargo Bank exceed the sum total of the FDIC insurance required collateralization.

In addition, as noted above, deposits with Wells Fargo Bank are secured by a tri-party collateral agreement.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Commission's investment policy seeks to limit the concentration of credit risk through diversification by:

- a) Limiting investments to avoid over-concentration in securities from a specific issuer (excluding U.S. Treasury securities).
- b) Limiting investment in securities that have high credit risks.

As of June 30, 2015, the Commission does not have an investment in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of its net assets, excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds, external investment pool and other pooled investments.

# NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Commission as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:	\$ 1 \$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Building & Improvements	\$ 2,197,289	\$ 28,132		\$ 2,225,421	
Furniture & Equipment	1,278,513	118,343	(87,499)	1,309,357	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:	3,475,802	146,475	(87,499)	3,534,778	
Building & Improvements	(1,123,331)	(55,504)	-	(1,178,835)	
Furniture & Equipment	(1,055,983)	(96,196)	73,411	(1,078,768)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,179,314)	(151,700)	73,411	(2,257,603)	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	1,296,488	(5,225)	(14,088)	1,277,175	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,296,489	\$ (5,225)	\$ (14,088)	\$ 1,277,176	
Water Supply Storage Facilities: Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Water Supply Storage Facilities	\$ 21,074,316	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,074,316	
Furniture & Equipment	147,138	730		147,868	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:	21,221,454	730	-	21,222,184	
Water Supply Storage Facilities	(15,922,930)	(421,486)	-	(16,344,416)	
Furniture & Equipment	(59,677)	(42,035)		(101,712)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation Business-Type Capital Assets Being	(15,982,607)	(463,521)	-	(16,446,128)	
Depreciated Net	\$ 5,238,847	\$ (462,791)	\$ -	\$ 4,776,056	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Commission as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Ir	creases	De	ecreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					_	 
General Government	\$ 2,002,524	\$	114,015	\$	(73,411)	\$ 2,043,128
Special Projects	 176,790		37,685		<u>-</u>	214,475
Total Depreciation Expense -	 					 _
Governmental Activities	2,179,314		151,700		(73,411)	2,257,603
Business-Type Activities:						 
Water Supply Storage Facilities	 15,982,607		463,521		_	16,446,128
Total Depreciation Expense -						
Business-Type Activities	\$ 15,982,607	\$	463,521	\$	-	\$ 16,446,128

### NOTE 5: REIMBURSABLE WATER SUPPLY STORAGE FACILITY COSTS

The financial statements reflect a receivable from Western Berks Water Authority for construction costs financed by the Commission for a specific outlet pipe in the Blue Marsh Water Supply Storage Project. Principal and interest payments are due quarterly in the amount of \$4,353.80 in January, April, July, and October at an interest rate of 3.463%. Repayment terms as of June 30, 2015, require the following principal and interest payments:

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	P	rincipal	lr	nterest		Total
2016	\$	14,816	\$	2,599	\$	17,415
2017	•	15,329	·	2,086	•	17,415
2018		15,861		1,554		17,415
2019		16,410		1,005		17,415
Thereafter		12,624		438		13,062
Total	\$	75,040	\$	7,682	\$	82,722

#### NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

### Amount Due to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

The Commission has agreed to reimburse the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers for costs related to the construction of the water supply storage facilities at the Beltzville and Blue Marsh Water Supply Storage projects. Repayment of the Beltzville project's cost requires annual payments of \$253,499 continuing through 2030. Repayment of the Blue Marsh Project requires annual payments of \$607,643 through 2028, and thereafter \$309,118 annually through 2038. These payments include interest at an average rate of approximately 3%. Interest expense is recognized over the terms of the obligations. The Commission is responsible for a yearly pro rata share of operational, maintenance, and replacement costs of these projects. Interest expense for the year ended June 30, 2015, was \$385,841. Water sales revenue and interest income are used to pay operating expenses and debt service.

# NOTE 6: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

A summary of changes in long-term liability obligations is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities: Other Liabilities Compensated Absences Early Retirement	\$ 419,142 386,478	\$ 21,892	\$ - (44,148)	\$ 441,034 342,330	\$ 120,000 82,518	
Total Other Liabilities	805,620	21,892	(44,148)	783,364	202,518	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 805,620	\$ 21,892	\$ (44,148)	\$ 783,364	\$ 202,518	
Business-Type Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year	
Bonds and Notes Payable: Due to Army Corps of Engineers Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 11,531,473 11,531,473	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ (466,076) (466,076)	\$ 11,065,397 11,065,397	\$ 481,971 481,971	
Other Liabilities: Compensated Absences Early Retirement	9,666 96,921	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	9,666 96,921	<u>-</u>	
Total Other Liabilities	106,587			106,587		
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 11,638,060	\$ -	\$ (466,076)	\$ 11,171,984	\$ 481,971	

An analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on these obligations follows (with the exception of compensated absences):

Fiscal Years Ending June 30	Principal Requirements		_Re	Interest Requirements		Total Debt Service Requirements		
2016	\$	481,971	\$	379,171	\$	861,142		
2017		498,409		362,734		861,143		
2018		515,407		345,735		861,142		
2019		532,987		328,155		861,142		
2020		551,167		309,975		861,142		
2021 - 2025		3,051,032		1,254,679		4,305,711		
2026 - 2030		3,309,739		697,425		4,007,164		
2031 - 2035		1,258,682		286,907		1,545,589		
2036 - 2038		866,003		61,350		927,353		
	\$	11,065,397	\$	4,026,131	\$	15,091,528		

#### NOTE 7: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan**

The Commission participates in the State of New Jersey Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing, multi-employer, contributory, defined-benefit plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to the Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annrprts.shtml.

Pension vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits described in note 8.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

<u>Tier</u>	<u>Definition</u>
1	Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007.
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008.
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010.
4	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011.
5	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011.

The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A.43:15A, Chapter 62, P.L. 1994, and Chapter 115, P.L. 1997, and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan members and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, members contributed at a uniform rate of 6.92% of base salary; Member contributions will continue to increase each year on July 1 until the final increase on July 1, 2018 when a contribution rate of 7.5% is reached.

Employer contributions are actuarially determined by PERS. The Commission's contribution requirements for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$355,637, \$342,020 and \$352,749.

Contact information for PERS is as follows:

State of New Jersey Department of the Treasury Division of Pensions & Benefits P.O. Box 295 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295 (609) 292-7524

#### NOTE 7: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Benefits Provided**

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching the age of 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age of their respective tier.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 the Commission implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68).GASB 68 requires participating employers in PERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense excluding that attributable to member contributions. The employer allocation percentages are based on the ratio of the Commission's contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

At June 30, 2015, the Commission reported a liability of \$8,076,921 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the ratio of the Commission's contributions as an individual employer to total contributions to the PERS during the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. At June 30, 2014 the Commission's proportion was .0431396436%, which was a decrease of .00225%. At June 30, 2015, the Commission reported deferred outflows of pension resources of \$253,982 from changes in assumptions that will be amortized over 6.44 years. Deferred inflows of \$481,341 and \$363,639 were reported as the net difference between actual and projected investment earnings, and changes in proportion respectively, and will be amortized over 5 and 6.44 years respectively.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the Commission recognized pension expense of \$348,410 and reported a charge from a charge in accounting principle of \$8,675,327.

#### NOTE 7: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2015 measurement was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2013 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Inflation Rate 3.01%

Salary increases:

2012-2021 2.15-4.40% based on age

Thereafter 3.15-5.40% based on age

Investment rate of return 7.90%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Health Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for females) with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2012 based on Projection Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2011.

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

In accordance with the New Jersey State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the NJ Directors of the Division of Investments and NJ Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	6.00%	0.80%
Core Bonds	1.00%	2.49%
Intermediate-Term Bonds	11.20%	2.26%
Mortgages	2.50%	2.17%
High Yield Bonds	5.00%	4.82%
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	2.50%	3.51%
Broad US Equities	25.90%	8.22%
Developed Foreign Countries	12.70%	8.12%
Emerging Market Equities	6.50%	9.91%
Private Equity	8.25%	13.02%
Hedge Funds/Absolute Return	12.25%	4.92%
Real Estate (Property)	3.20%	5.80%
Commodities	2.50%	5.35%

#### NOTE 7: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.39% and 5.55% as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 respectively. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.9%, and a municipal bond rate of 4.29% and 4.63% as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 respectively, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa of higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the average of the last five years of contributions made in relation to the last five years of recommended contributions. Based on these assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make future benefit payments through 2033. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2033, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the Commission's pro-rata share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 respectively, calculated using the discount rate described above as well as what the pro-rata share of the net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower, or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>At</u>	1% decrease	 At Current scount Rate	At 1% Increase (6.39%)			
June 30, 2014	\$	(4.39%) 10,161,042	\$ ( <u>5.39%)</u> 8,076,921	\$	6,326,790		
June 30, 2013	\$	10,799,639	\$ 8,675,327	\$	7,422,146		

#### NOTE 8: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, the Commission provides retirement health care benefits in accordance with its policies and procedures to all employees with 25 or more years of service in PERS who retire from the Commission, employees who attain the age of 62 with 15 years of service and employees who retire on disability pensions. On July 20, 2005, the Commission adopted provisions of N.J.S.A.52:14-17.38 (Resolution 2005-14) under which public employers may agree to pay for State Health Benefit Programs coverage of certain retirees. Consistent with this provision, the Commission established classes of employees whose benefits will vary based on date of hire and years of credited service in PERS, as well as with the Commission. The adoption of these new provisions will have no impact on the benefits provided to retirees currently receiving said benefits or employees who earned benefits as provided for under the former rules prior to January 1, 2006.

On June 28, 2011, New Jersey Chapter 78, P.L. 2011 became effective. The law had no material effect on retirement health care benefits in the current year but impacted subsequent years, requiring employees to fund a portion of their health insurance premiums.

#### NOTE 8: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

In August 2004, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 45 (GASB 45) requiring full disclosure of present and future costs relating to other post-employment benefits (OPEB) in the Commission's financial statements starting with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. The retirement health care benefits the Commission provides are within the scope of GASB 45.

In July 2008 the Commission adopted a resolution for the minutes authorizing the procurement of actuarial services for the purpose of evaluating the cost of retirement health benefits of present and future retirees. Brown & Brown Consulting was hired to perform these services and in September 2008, issued the first actuarial valuation for the Commission's retiree health benefits program.

In 2009, the Commission opted for a funded plan and, as required, established an irrevocable trust to receive contributions to fund actuarially determined liabilities.

On October 22, 2009 the Commission adopted resolution 2009-9, authorizing the creation of an IRC Section 115 integral part trust and the utilization of an employer savings and investment program offered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Also on October 22, 2009 the Commission adopted resolution 2009-10 to amend the Commission's investment policy to allow investment in an integral part trust for the exclusive purpose of funding post-employment health benefits.

On November 30, 2009 The Delaware River Basin Commission Integral Part Trust was established with ICMA Retirement Corporation.

The following table shows the activity in the Trust since FY 2010:

Fiscal Year	Co	ontribution	Outlays	ARC	Totals
2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	\$	449,000 358,303 343,029 - 280,569	\$ 277,468 270,199 307,741 324,671 309,245	\$ (566,000) (566,000) (566,000) (607,034) (606,918)	\$ 160,468 62,502 84,770 (282,363) (17,104)
2015		251,000	355,658	(606,918)	 (260)
OPEB Asset	at 6/3	0/2015			\$ 8,013

On June 30, 2015 the Integral Part Trust had assets valued at \$2,155,371.

The Commission provides eligible retirees with medical and prescription drug coverage paid by the employer and reimburses eligible retirees for Medicare Part B premiums. GASB 45 requires financial statement recognition of the cost of these benefits when earned by employees rather than when paid out. Employers are required to measure and disclose the annual OPEB cost based upon the employers annual required contribution (ARC). The ARC is the employer's periodic annual contribution calculated in accordance with GASB 45 parameters. The ARC includes the normal cost for the year plus amortization, not to exceed 30 years, of the total unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities.

#### NOTE 8: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The Commission's current actuarial valuation, issued by Brown & Brown in September 2015, concludes that as of July 1, 2015 the Commission's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$4,798,519. The resulting annual required contribution (ARC) required by the Commission is \$566,806.

The calculated ARC contains normal cost and amortization amounts as follows:

Normal Cost Amortization Amount	\$ 180,111 386,695
Annual Required Contribution	\$ 566,806

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used in the July 1, 2015 Valuation

#### **Economic Assumptions:**

Discount Rate 7%

Health Care Cost Trend Rates

	D 05.M " 1		Post-65 Medical and
	Pre-65 Medical and	<u>1</u>	Prescription Drugs and
<u>Year</u>	Prescription Drugs		Medicare Part B
2015	7.50	)%	5.00%
2016	7.00	)%	5.00%
2017	6.50	)%	5.00%
2018	6.00	)%	5.00%
2019	5.50	)%	5.00%
2020 & Later	5.00	)%	5.00%
Salary Increases		3%	
Social Security Tax	able Wage Base	3%	
Consumer Price In	dex (inflation)	3%	

#### **Benefit Assumptions:**

Future retirees are assumed to remain in the same medical plan they were covered under while active. The Per Capita claims cost is based on retiree premiums in effect for the valuation year projected with a medical trend inflation rate of 3% to the valuation date.

#### NOTE 8: RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

#### **Demographic Assumptions:**

Mortality: Sex-distinct RP-2014 Employees and Healthy Annuitant Tables (headcount-weighted) and projected with scale MP-2014.

Retirement Rates: Earlier of (i) age 65 with completion of 15 years of Commission service, or (ii) age 62 with completion of 10 years of Commission service with 25 years of PERS service.

Withdrawal: Turnover rates vary by age. Illustrative annual rates per 1000 are as follows:

Years of Service	<u>Rate</u>	
1	250	
2	200	
3	150	
4	100	
	<u>Age</u>	Rate
5 or more	25	52.7
5 or more	30	48.3
5 or more	35	44.7
5 or more	40	38.4
5 or more	45	32.1
5 or more	50	15.2
5 or more	55	0
5 or more	60	0

Participation Rate: 100% of future retirees.

Spousal/Dependent Coverage: Future retirees will have spousal/dependent coverage upon retirement as they currently have. Current retiree spousal/dependent coverage information and spousal dates of births were provided by the Commission.

Expenses: Administrative expenses for reinsurance and medical and prescription drug costs are included in the above claims costs.

Decrement Timing: Mid-year.

#### **Actuarial Cost Method:**

The Projected Unit Credit method was used to determine the plan's cost.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level dollar amount using an open period of 30 years

#### NOTE 9: OPERATING TRANSFERS

Interfund Transfers are executed as a result of the requirements for the General Fund to match a portion of the expenses of the other funds. Interfund operating transfers are as follows:

		insfers From ther Funds		Transfers To Other Funds			
Governmental Funds:	_		_				
General Fund	\$	1,926,137	\$	265,420			
Special Projects Fund		336,472		70,719			
Total Governmental Funds		2,262,609		336,139			
Enterprise Funds:							
Water Supply Storage Facilities Fund		<u>-</u>		1,926,470			
Total	\$	2,262,609	\$	2,262,609			

#### NOTE 10: EARLY RETIREMENT PROGRAM

On September 25, 1991, the Delaware River Basin Commission adopted Resolution 91-7. This resolution authorized the Commission to participate in the State of New Jersey Early Retirement Incentive Program. As of June 30, 2015, certain employees have exercised their option to retire utilizing the Early Retirement Incentive Program. Based on information provided to the Commission, the present value of the estimated additional pension liability for these employees totals \$439,251 at June 30, 2015, of which \$342,330 has been recorded in the General Long-term Obligations Account Group, and \$96,921 has been recorded in the Proprietary Fund. This additional liability is to be paid over a period of 26 years. Payments made for this program during the year ended June 30, 2015, were \$44,148.

#### NOTE 11: FEDERAL CONTRIBUTION

The Energy and Water Appropriations Bill (P.L. 104-206) eliminated federal funding for the Delaware River Basin Commission for the federal fiscal year 1997 (October 1, 1997 through September 1, 1998). The federal government has not provided a contribution since 2009. The Commission continues its efforts to restore federal funding.

#### NOTE 12: LITIGATION

The Commission is subject to litigation and threats of litigation arising out of its activities. In June of 2013 the Commission received notice from landowners asserting that they have been financially harmed as a result of the Commission's imposition of a moratorium on its consideration of natural gas well projects in shale formations in the Basin. The moratorium continues pending completion of natural gas rulemaking. The Commission believes the landowners' assertions are without merit, and if litigation is commenced, the Commission will vigorously defend. The amount or range of reasonably possible loss resulting from such litigation, if and when it is commenced, cannot reasonable be estimated at this time.

#### NOTE 13: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Commission has evaluated subsequent events occurring after June 30, 2015 through the date of December 22, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the Commission has determined that no subsequent events have occurred which require disclosures in the financial statements.

REQUIRED
SUPPLEMENTAL
INFORMATION

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS) YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

	Variance Final To											ariance inal To
		2015				Actual 2014						
	Original		Original		Favorable Original		Original			Favorable		
		Budget	Actual		(Unfavorable)		Budget		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues:		_		_								
Signatory Party Contributions:												
State of Delaware	\$	447,000	\$	447,000	\$	-	\$	447,000	\$	447,000	\$	-
State of New Jersey		693,000		693,000		-		693,000		693,000		-
State of New York		359,500		359,500		-		246,000		246,000		-
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania		434,000		434,000		-		848,350		998,350		150,000
United States		715,000		-		(715,000)		715,000		-		(715,000)
Sale of Publications		2,700		2,778		78		2,700		2,444		(256)
Project Review Fees		400,000		598,629		198,629		400,000		491,844		91,844
Interest Income		2,500		-		(2,500)		2,500		-		(2,500)
Fines, Assessments and Other Income		132,300		197,617		65,317		132,300		100,453		(31,847)
Total Revenues		3,186,000		2,732,524		(453,476)		3,486,850		2,979,091		(507,759)

# DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (GAAP BASIS)(CONTINUED) YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

						ariance inal To						Variance Final To
	2015		)15		Actual				)14			Actual
		Original	A - t I		Favorable (Unfavorable)		Original		Actual		Favorable	
Expenditures		Budget		Actual	(011	iavorable)		Budget		Actual	(U	nfavorable)
Personal Services	\$	2,711,400	\$	2,464,300	\$	247 400	\$	2 557 000	\$	2.462.057	\$	04.043
	Φ		Φ		φ	247,100	Φ	2,557,000	Φ	2,462,957	Φ	94,043
Special and Contractual Services		219,200		137,938		81,262		528,300		196,963		331,337
Other Services		158,000		165,686		(7,686)		156,000		153,022		2,978
Supplies and Other Materials		70,000		32,191		37,809		69,000		46,115		22,885
Buildings and Grounds		176,500		202,315		(25,815)		246,150		195,038		51,112
Communications		24,000		24,590		(590)		23,500		25,884		(2,384)
Travel		42,000		56,413		(14,413)		42,000		56,737		(14,737)
Maintenance, Replacements, Acquisitions and Rentals		47,800		97,669		(49,869)		117,000		83,748		33,252
Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions		1,645,600		1,452,802		192,798		1,545,600	_	1,399,568		146,032
Total Expenditures		5,094,500	_	4,633,904		460,596		5,284,550		4,620,032		664,518
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,908,500)		(1,901,380)		7,120		(1,797,700)		(1,640,941)		156,759
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Operating Transfers In		2,086,400		1,926,137		(160, 263)		2,160,700		1,993,397		(167,303)
Operating Transfers Out		(363,000)	_	(265,420)		97,580		(363,000)	_	(546,513)		(183,513)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,723,400		1,660,717		(62,683)		1,797,700		1,446,884		(350,816)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(185,100)		(240,663)		(55,563)		-		(194,057)		(194,057)
Fund Balances-Beginning of Year		4,753,626		4,753,626			_	4,947,683		4,947,683		
Fund Balances-End of Year	\$	4,568,526	\$	4,512,963	\$	(55,563)	\$	4,947,683	\$	4,753,626	\$	(194,057)

## SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE OF NEW JERSEY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### Last 10 Fiscal Years\* (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

2015 Commission's proportion of the net pension liability .0431396436% Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$8,076,921 Commission's covered-employee payroll \$ 2,918,162 Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll 276.78% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 52.08%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end (12/31) that occurred within the fiscal year. The Commission adopted GASB 68 on a prospective basis in fiscal year 2015; therefore only one year is presented in the above schedule. The above amounts were taken from the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System Schedules of Employee Allocations and Schedules of Pension Amounts by Employer for the year ending June 30, 2014.

#### SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION'S CONTRIBUTIONS STATE OF NEW JERSEY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### Last 10 Fiscal Years\* (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 355,637
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (355,637 <u>)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>
Commission's covered-employee payroll	\$2,918,162
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.19%

<sup>\*</sup> The Commission adopted GASB 68 on a prospective basis in fiscal year 2015; therefore only one year is presented in the above schedule.

STATISTICAL SECTION UNAUDITED

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION NET POSITION (DEFICIT) BY COMPONENT LAST SIX YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACOUNTING) UNAUDITED

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Government-wide Activities Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	\$ 1,225,993	\$ 1,296,488	\$ 1,243,769	\$ 1,235,557	\$ 1,277,349	\$ 1,375,737
Restricted	8,013	8,272	25,377	-	-	-
Unrestricted	(4,812,105)	4,073,604	4,199,883	3,605,541	4,008,618	4,838,436
Total Governmental Activities						
Net Position	\$ (3,578,099)	\$ 5,378,364	\$ 5,469,029	\$ 4,841,098	\$ 5,285,967	\$ 6,214,173
Business-Type Activities Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	\$ (6,289,341)	\$ (6,292,626)	\$ (6,144,978)	\$ (6,326,483)	\$ (6,262,062)	\$ (6,408,697)
Unrestricted	23,655,228	22,923,355	21,264,716	21,093,887	20,110,038	19,134,023
Total Business-Type Activities						
Net Position	\$ 17,365,887	\$ 16,630,729	\$ 15,119,738	\$ 14,767,404	\$ 13,847,976	\$ 12,725,326
Commission-Wide Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	\$ (5,063,348)	\$ (4,996,138)	\$ (4,901,209)	\$ (5,090,926)	\$ (4,984,713)	\$ (5,032,960)
Restricted Unrestricted	8,013	8,272	25,377	24 600 420	04 440 656	22.072.450
Official	18,843,123	26,996,959	25,464,599	24,699,428	24,118,656	23,972,459
Total Commission						
Net Position	\$ 13,787,788	\$ 22,009,093	\$ 20,588,767	\$ 19,608,502	\$ 19,133,943	\$ 18,939,499

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION CHANGES IN NET POSITION (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS – UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>				
Expenses:										
Primary Government: General Government	\$ 2,631,032	\$ 2,695,492	\$ 2,737,337	\$ 2,894,334	\$ 2,868,603	\$ 2,525,297				
Planning and Implementation	608,925	628,351	555,555	532,990	695,950	452,905				
Water Resources Management	1,025,312	894,246	1,047,420	1,112,246	1,065,528	1,035,190				
Modeling and Monitoring	401,471	326,237	450,034	649,476	676,179	633,765				
Special Projects	1,738,325	1,987,066	2,068,231	1,538,918	1,610,687	2,039,383				
Total Government Activities	6,405,065	6,531,392	6,858,577	6,727,964	6,916,947	6,686,540				
Business-Type Activities:										
Water Supply Storage Facilities	1,304,051	1,441,325	1,493,536	1,337,685	1,469,744	1,275,279				
Total Business-Type Activities	1,304,051	1,441,325	1,493,536	1,337,685	1,469,744	1,275,279				
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,709,116	\$ 7,972,717	\$ 8,352,113	\$ 8,065,649	\$ 8,386,691	\$ 7,961,819				
Program Revenues: Government Activities:										
Charges for Services:	Ф <u>гоо соо</u>	Ф 404.044	ф <b>7</b> 00 004	Ф 054.4 <b>7</b> 0	Ф 440.00C	r 070 004				
Project Review Fees Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 598,629 1,479,024	\$ 491,844 1,595,706	\$ 780,281 2,124,299	\$ 954,476 1,165,723	\$ 448,296 1,358,461	\$ 876,021 1,583,973				
Total Government Activities Program										
Revenue	2,077,653	2,087,550	2,904,580	2,120,199	1,806,757	2,459,994				
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services: Water Supply Storage Facilities	3,557,378	3,188,909	3,314,826	3,417,057	2,860,915	2,498,258				
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue	3,557,378	3,188,909	3,314,826	3,417,057	2,860,915	2,498,258				
Total Commission Program Revenues	\$ 5,635,031	\$ 5,276,459	\$ 6,219,406	\$ 5,537,256	\$ 4,667,672	\$ 4,958,252				

## DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION CHANGES IN NET POSITION (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)(CONTINUED) LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS – UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2015	<u>2014</u>	2013	2012	<u>2011</u>	2010				
Net (Expense)/Revenue:										
Governmental Activities	\$ (4,327,412)	\$ (4,443,842)	\$ (3,953,997)	\$ (4,607,765)	\$ (5,110,190)	\$ (4,226,546)				
Business-Type Activities	2,253,327	1,747,584	1,821,290	2,079,372	1,391,171	1,222,979				
Total Commission-Wide Net Expense	\$ (2,074,085)	\$ (2,696,258)	\$ (2,132,707)	\$ (2,528,393)	\$ (3,719,019)	\$ (3,003,567)				
General Revenues and Other Changes in N	et Position:									
Governmental Activities:										
Grants and Contributions Net										
Restricted to Special Programs	1,933,500	2,384,350	2,534,350	2,188,000	2,283,505	2,884,550				
Investment Earnings	· · ·	, , , <u>-</u>	· · ·	1,409	108,599	5,093				
Miscellaneous Income	186,306	102,893	32,985	39,059	76,188	26,553				
Transfers	1,926,470	1,865,934	2,104,975	1,934,429	1,713,692	1,730,159				
Total Governmental Activities	4,046,276	4,353,177	4,672,310	4,162,897	4,181,984	4,646,355				
Business-Type Activities:										
Investment Earnings	408.301	1.629.341	636.019	774.484	1.445.172	1,129,480				
Transfers	(1,926,470)	(1,865,934)	(2,104,975)	(1,934,429)	(1,713,692)	(1,730,159)				
Total Business-Type Activities	(1,518,169)	(236,593)	(1,468,956)	(1,159,945)	(268,520)	(600,679)				
Total Commission-Wide	\$ 2,528,107	\$ 4,116,584	\$ 3,203,354	\$ 3,002,952	\$ 3,913,464	\$ 4,045,676				
Changes in Net Assets:										
Governmental Activities	\$ (281,136)	\$ (90,665)	\$ 718,313	\$ (444,868)	\$ (928,206)	\$ 419,809				
Cumulative Changes	(8,675,327)	-	-	-	-	-				
Subtotal Governmental Activities	\$ (8,956,463)	\$ (90,665)	\$ 718,313	\$ (444,868)	\$ (928,206)	\$ 419,809				
Business-Type Activities	735,158	1,510,991	352,334	919,427	1,122,651	622,300				
Total Commission	\$ (8,221,305)	\$ 1,420,326	\$ 1,070,647	\$ 474,559	\$ 194,445	\$ 1,042,109				

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS – UNAUDITED

		Fiscal Year E	Endind June 30,		
	2015	2014 2013	2012	2011	2010
General Fund: Restricted Unreserved	\$ 308,013 4,204,950	\$ 308,272 \$ 325,377 4,445,354 4,622,306	\$ 300,000 \$ 3,770,871	300,000 4,191,649	\$ 300,000 4,880,803
Total General Fund	\$ 4,512,963	<u>\$ 4,753,626</u> <u>\$ 4,947,683</u>	\$ 4,070,871 \$	4,491,649	\$ 5,180,803
All Other Governemntal Funds: Unreserved, Reported In: Special Revenue Fund	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 45,576</u>	<u>\$ 346,785</u> <u>\$</u>	354,472	\$ 396,121
Total All Other Govenmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 45,576</u>	\$ 346,785 <u>\$</u>	354,472	\$ 396,121

## DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) LAST TEN YEARS – UNAUDITED

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues:										
Signatory Party Contributions: State of Delaware	\$ 447,000	\$ 468,456	\$ 520,830	\$ 465,593	\$ 127,000	\$ 447,000	\$ 496,995	\$ 491,331	\$ 438,067	\$ 471,494
State Of New Jersey	698,113	704,926	893,000	903,500	893,000	893,000	941,305	1,043,702	999,879	940,476
State of New York	359,500	246,000	246,000	365,500	370,505	472,800	638,891	696,009	611,520	498,750
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania	549,780	1,141,837	1,105,089	686,411	1,075,016	1,194,567	1,396,978	1,389,812	1,255,610	1,326,777
United States	859,461	681,780	984,514	692,322	887,067	1,177,445	1,247,241	1,089,108	673,229	410,476
Water Pollution Control Grant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-,,	-,,,,,,,,,	650,890	689,172
Sale of Publications	2,778	2,444	2,775	3,450	2,604	3,797	3,850	4,410	3,700	145
Project Review Fees	598,629	491,844	780,282	954,518	448,296	876,021	366,912	282,293	479,565	370,271
Overhead Reimbursement	· -	, <u>-</u>	· -	, <u>-</u>	· -		· -	,	, <u>-</u>	80,000
Investment Income	-	-	59	1,366	108,599	4,989	98,997	281,456	350,683	232,101
Fines, Assessments and Other Income	696,287	837,510	939,369	293,152	362,961	306,574	343,646	430,010	504,913	540,461
Total Revenues	4,211,548	4,574,797	5,471,918	4,365,812	4,275,048	5,376,193	5,534,815	5,708,131	5,968,056	5,560,123
Expenditures:										
Personal Services	3,011,603	3,133,111	3,185,201	3,254,446	3,200,330	3,164,452	3,073,105	2,989,978	2,867,064	2,617,945
Special and contractual Services	955,814	1,087,400	1,324,809	1,176,378	1,258,916	1,299,652	1,296,004	2,030,419	1,927,198	1,327,441
Other Services	165,871	153,532	139,841	140,884	169,136	135,232	142,164	146,511	155,277	145,772
Supplies and Materials	47,237	67,254	64,757	55,422	57,534	64,701	65,482	65,046	88,058	107,704
Buildings and Grounds	202,329	271,377	250,725	186,302	175,127	191,007	224,765	330,318	172,807	200,340
Communications	26,274	27,439	23,755	20,134	26,147	34,047	40,325	45,724	50,352	38,776
Travel	61,060	62,849	32,529	46,018	66,133	50,258	46,794	62,724	62,186	48,402
Maintenance, Replacements										
Acquisitions and Rentals	145,549	109,320	100,683	139,677	81,939	116,964	167,845	201,450	304,166	171,220
Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions	1,762,944	1,768,082	1,788,616	1,709,443	1,684,286	1,561,351	1,148,468	1,063,827	937,374	845,612
Total Expenditures	6,378,681	6,680,364	6,910,916	6,728,704	6,719,548	6,617,664	6,204,952	6,935,997	6,564,482	5,503,212
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over/(Under) Expenditures	(2,167,133)	(2,105,567)	(1,438,998)	(2,362,892)	(2,444,500)	(1,241,471)	(670,137)	(1,227,856)	(596,426)	56,911
Other Financing Sources/(Uses):										
Operating Transfers In	2,262,609	2,619,017	2,952,197	2,384,568	2,215,026	2,323,696	1,425,080	1,863,910	1,370,076	1,785,534
Operating Transfer (Out)	(336,139)	(753,083)	(847,222)	(450,138)	(501,334)	(593,537)	(617,240)	(861,580)	(441,954)	(1,173,257)
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	1,926,470	1,865,934	2,104,975	1,934,430	1,713,692	1,730,159	807,840	1,002,330	928,122	612,277
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (240,663)	\$ (239,633)	\$ 665,977	\$ (428,462)	\$ (730,808)	\$ 488,688	\$ 137,703	\$ (225,526)	\$ 331,696	\$ 669,188

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS – UNAUDITED

	Business-Type Activities			vernment ind Type	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Due to U.S. Army Corps of Engineers		oital Lease	Total
·		<u> </u>			
2015	\$	11,065,397	\$	51,183	\$ 11,116,580
2014		11,531,473		-	11,531,473
2013		11,810,071		-	11,810,071
2012		12,418,024		-	12,418,024
2011		12,678,838		-	12,678,838
2010		13,247,073		-	13,247,073
2009		13,491,240		12,456	13,503,696
2008		14,022,355		22,513	14,044,868
2007		14,250,939		46,591	14,297,530
2006		14,612,104		21,836	14,633,940



#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE PROJECTS – UNAUDITED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2015

Cumulative Expenditures from Date of Inception Through June 30, 2014	Emerging Contaminants 205	FFMP Feasibility Study 282	USGS Monitors 310 \$ 3,593,954	OASIS Model 312A \$ 135,582	Data Tracking 314A \$ 178	Groundwater Pennsylvania Protected Area 315	Port Jarvis Ice Flow Maintenance Project 320	Builidng Improvements 324A	Assessment of NG Impacts 326B	Baseline Monitoring 326C \$ 24,512	Page Total \$ 10,249,949
Current Fiscal Year Expenditures and Encumbrances: Personal Services Special and Contractual Services Supplies, Materials and Equipment Travel and Communications Fringe Benefits Transfers and Refunds	3,102 - - - 1,758 (4,860)	40,635 - - - 23,026 (63,661)	- 264,086 - - - (71,052)	35,986 - - - 20,392 (56,378)	299 - - - 170 307	49,551 150 - 9 28,079 35,572	- - - - -	- - - - (28,131)	3,555 137,241 3,000 - 2,015 14,159	8,336 52,625 505 654 4,724 (8,856)	141,464 454,102 3,505 663 80,164 (182,900)
Total Current Fiscal Year Expenditures			193,034		776	113,361		(28,131)	159,970	57,988	496,998
Total Expenditures from Date of Inception Through June 30, 2015	-	-	3,786,988	135,582	954	6,400,357	3,729	(28,131)	364,968	82,500	10,746,947
Total Funding Awarded for Project			3,847,033	135,582	75,000	6,475,020	96,923		649,000	82,500	11,361,058
Capital Expenditures	-	-	-	-	10,570	12,720	-	28,131	-	-	51,421
Funding Available to Complete Project	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 60,045	\$ -	\$ 63,476	\$ 61,943	\$ 93,194	\$ -	\$ 284,032	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 562,690

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE PROJECTS – UNAUDITED THROUGH JUNE 30, 2015 (CONTINUED)

	Deg	elon 59 gree Lim. 329A	Ed Di	DuPont dgemoor ischarge 329C		Early Warning System 343	М	Natural Gas onitoring 350A		PA Water Planning 353		Fly Ash 360		PPL Ash Spill ettlement 361		. 106 Water Pollution ntrol Grant 362	Mo	er Delaware odel Point narge Study 364	Flood utreach 375	Schedule Total
Cumulative Expenditures from Date of Inception Through June 30, 2014	\$	17,688	\$	8,110	\$	552,058	\$	56,752	\$	932,642	\$	-			\$	317,074	\$	104,915	\$ 11,925	\$ 12,251,113
Current Fiscal Year Expenditures and Encumbrances:																				
Personal Services		2,553		130		-		16		838		206		453		384,263		14,330	3,051	547,304
Special and Contractual Services		· -		-		78,249		-		-		-		-		283,075		2,635	· -	818,061
Supplies, Materials and Equipment		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		15,299		-	_	18,804
Travel and Communications		-		-		_		-		505		-		-		5,105		45	13	6,331
Fringe Benefits		1,447		74		_		9		475		117		256		217,751		8,120	1,729	310,142
Transfers and Refunds		4,617		(204)		_		12		601		(323)		(709)		(87,123)		(45)	321	(265,753)
Transfers and Testands		1,011		(201)			-			001	_	(020)		(100)		(07,120)		(10)	 021	(200,100)
Total Current Fiscal Year Expenditures		8,617			_	78,249		37	_	2,419	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	818,370		25,085	 5,114	1,434,889
Total Expenditures from Date of																				
Inception Through June 30, 2015		26,305		8,110		630,307		56,789		935,061				_		1,135,444		130,000	17,039	13,686,002
inception infought suffer 50, 2015		20,303		0,110		030,307		30,769		933,001		-		-		1,133,444		130,000	17,039	13,000,002
Total Funding Awarded for Project		26,305		8,110		630,307		150,000		1,100,000		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,714,530		130,000	39,995	15,160,305
										<u>.</u>				<u> </u>					 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital Expenditures		-		-		-		-		5,799		-		-		36,154		-	-	93,374
Funding Available to Complete Project	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	93,211	\$	159,140	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	542,932	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 22,956	\$ 1,380,929

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES – BY CATEGORY AND OBJECT UNAUDITED YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	2015	2014
Personnel Services	\$ 2,485,833	\$ 2,393,067
Special and Contractual Services:		
Auditing	16,180	16,405
Computer and Financial	17,412	16,291
All Other Special and Contractual Services	104,346	164,267
Total Special and Contractual Services	137,938	196,963
Other Services:		
Insurance	121,787	120,592
Advertising	16,028	7,564
Memberships	15,544	16,359
All Other	12,327	8,507
Total Other Services	165,686	153,022
Supplies and Materials:		
Vehicular	6,793	10,505
Office	22,436	32,852
Library	2,962	2,758
Total Supplies and Materials	32,191	46,115
Buildings and Grounds	202,315	182,857
Communications:		
Postage	4,677	1,594
Telephone and Other	19,913	24,290
Total Communications	24,590	25,884
Travel:		
Travel	27,132	21,400
Commission Meeting Expense	29,281	35,337
Total Travel	56,413	56,737
Maintenance, Replacements, Acquisitions and Rentals:		
Office Equipment	13,426	19,284
Vehicular Equipment	12,079	14,443
Computers	20,607	289
Office Equipment Rental	406	-
Depreciation	114,011	82,460
Total Maintenance, Replacements, Acquisitions and Rentals	160,529	116,476
Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions:		
Employees' Retirement	316,264	312,408
Social Security	177,334	176,909
Health and Dental Benefits	890,855	867,926
Unemployment Compensation	7,661	7,192
Long-Term Disability	9,131	8,774
Total Fringe Benefits and Other Contributions	1,401,245	1,373,209
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$ 4,666,740	\$ 4,544,330

## DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION CHANGES IN SPECIAL PROJECTS ADVANCE/(RECEIVABLE) BALANCE – BY PROJECT - UNAUDITED YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Advances:	Project	Balance June 30, 2014			Cash Receipts	T	ransfers	E	penditures	Balance June 30, 2015		
310	USGS Monitors	\$	61,175	\$	191,904	\$	71,052	\$	(264,085)	\$	60,046	
312A	Oasis Model	,	-	,	-	,	(308)	,	(469)	,	(777)	
314A	Data Tracking - Haas Trust		64,253		-		(35,572)		(77,789)		(49,108)	
315	Groundwater - PA		175,304		-		-		-		175,304	
320	Upper Delaware Ice Jam		93,133		61		-		-		93,194	
322	Flow and Temp. Modeling		16,622		-		(14,159)		(145,810)		(143,347)	
326B	NG Software Tool, Planning		444,002		-		8,857		(66,844)		386,015	
326C	Baselie Monitoring		57.987		-		-		-		57,987	
336	Flexible Flow Mgmt. Plan		15,593		-		(12)		(25)		15,556	
343	Early Warning System		, <u>-</u>		-		(601)		(1,818)		(2,419)	
350A	NG Monitoring Haas rust		93,248		-		-		-		93,248	
353	PA Water Planning		161.559		-		-		-		161,559	
372	William Penn Foundation		3,000		-		-		-		3,000	
373	William Penn Fd PCBs		3,843		-		-		-		3,843	
384	Nutrient Expert Panel		22,733	_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_			22,733	
	Total Advances	\$	1,212,452	\$	191,965	\$	29,257	\$	(556,840)	\$	876,834	
Accounts Rec	ceivable:											
202	Neversink Water Quality Monitoring	\$	(10,213)	\$	10,213	\$		\$	_	\$	-	
312A	Oasis Model		(14,206)	·	14,206		-		-		-	
362	Water Polution Coltrol		(172,044)		828,435		87,123		(921,498)		(177,984)	
364	Lower Delaware Discharger Study		(307)		25,393		44		(25,130)		-	
375	NJ Flood Outreach	_	(11,926)	_	17,034	_	(321)	_	(4,792)		(5)	
	Total Accounts Receivable	\$	(208,696)	\$	895,281	\$	86,846	\$	(951,420)	\$	(177,989)	

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA #	DRBC Project #	Grant Period	Aw	ard Amount	Casl	n Received	Ex	penditures	_	Cumulative xpenditures
Federal Awards: Direct Programs: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Water Polution Control Grant	66.419	362-CY14	1/1/2014-12/31/2016	\$	1,714,530	\$	828,435	\$	834,376	\$	1,171,598 *
U.S. Department of the Interior:  NPS-Lower Delaware Point Discharger Study	15.935	364	10/1/2019-9/20/2014		130,000		25,393		25,085	_	130,000
Total Direct Programs					1,844,530		853,828		859,461		1,301,598
Total Federal Awards				\$	1,844,530	\$	853,828	\$	859,461	\$	1,301,598

<sup>\*</sup>Denotes program audited as major.

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS JUNE 30, 2015

#### NOTE 1: GENERAL

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the Delaware River Basin Commission. The Delaware River Basin Commission's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the Commission's financial statements. All federal and state awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards.

#### NOTE 2: BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### NOTE 3: RELATIONSHIP TO FEDERAL AND STATE FINANCIAL REPORTS

Amounts reported in the accompanying schedules agree with the amounts reported in the related federal and state financial reports.

Page 61

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Commissioners

Delaware River Basin Commission

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Delaware River Basin Commission (the "Commission"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2015.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the regulatory basis financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures for that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's regulatory basis financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express

Page 62

To the Commissioners Delaware River Basin Commission

such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results for that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Zelenhofske Axeliod LLC

ZELENKOFSKE AXELROD LLC

Jamison, Pennsylvania December 22, 2015

Page 63

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND NEW JERSEY OMB CIRCULAR 04-04

To the Commissioners
Delaware River Basin Commission

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Delaware River Basin Commission's (the "Commission") with the types of compliance requirements described in the (OMB) Circular A-133 and New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04 Compliance Supplements that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Commission's major programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Commission's major programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express and opinion on compliance for each of the Commission's major programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, Non-Profit Organizations* and *New Jersey OMB Circular 04-04, Single Audit Policy for Recipients of Federal Grants, State Grants and State Aid Programs* (collectively, "OMB Circular A-133"). Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Commission's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

#### Opinion on Each Major Program

In our opinion, the Commission complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Commission's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

Page 64

To the Commissioners
Delaware River Basin Commission

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charge with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify and deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This purpose of this on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jamison, Pennsylvania December 22, 2015 ZELENKOFSKE AXELROD LLC

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#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results: Financial Statements Type of auditors' report issued: unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? \_\_\_\_ yes \_\_X\_\_ no Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? \_\_\_\_ yes X\_ none reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? \_\_\_\_ yes \_\_X\_ no Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? \_\_\_\_ yes \_\_X\_ no Reportable condition(s) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? \_\_\_\_ yes X\_ none reported Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with, Section 510(a) of Circular A-133? \_\_\_\_ yes <u>X</u> no Identification of major programs: CFDA Number Name of Federal Program 66.419 Water Pollution Control – State and Interstate Program Support Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X yes no Section II - Financial Statement Findings None. Section III - Federal Award Findings or Questioned Costs

None.

#### DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2015

Prior Year <u>Reference</u>	<u>Description</u>	Current Year Status
None		