Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2006

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Chairperson and Members of NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each fund of NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each fund, of the NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in its financial position, where applicable, thereof for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report September 25, 2006, on our consideration of NEW TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY'S internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters. That report is an integral part of an audit \* PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be \* CENTER FOR PUBLIC COMPANY AUDIT FIRESONS idered in assessing the results of our audit.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 and 6 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY'S basic financial statements. The schedule of cash receipts and disbursements is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of cash receipts and disbursements has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

September 25, 2006

Ornercadier, P.C. Certified Public Accountable



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Chairperson and Members of NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY

We have audited the NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY's (the "Authority") financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY'S internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition under which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether **NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY'S** financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of their compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, others within the Authority, and the State of New Jersey and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

September 25, 2006

Omnoadin P.C. Certified Public Accountable

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As financial management of the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority (the "Authority"), we offer readers of these financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on the significant financial issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements as a whole.

### Financial Highlights

The Authority disbursed \$1,369,418,185 to the Special Transportation Fund of the State of New Jersey to fund statewide transportation system improvements during the fiscal year. This was an increase of 1.03% from the prior year. The term "net assets" refers to the difference between assets and liabilities. At the close of fiscal year 2006, the Authority had net assets of \$753,320,352, as compared to a net asset deficit of \$(403,760,051) at June 30, 2005. This increase in net assets was caused by the increased funding of statewide transportation system improvements.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's financial statements, which are comprised of the basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. The Authority is a single program government that combines government-wide and governmental financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information concerning the Authority's cash flow for the fiscal year.

### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances in a manner similar to that which would be used by a private-sector business.

The balance sheet presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating. Net assets increase when revenues exceed expenses. Increases to assets without corresponding increases to liabilities result in increased net assets, which indicate an improved financial position.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets presents information showing how a government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as the underlying event occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Authority's flow of cash for the fiscal year.

### **Financial Analysis**

Net assets may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of the Authority's financial position. In the case of the Authority, assets exceeded liabilities by \$753,320,352 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the Authority's net assets reflects its investments in current assets (e.g., accounts receivable, cash and cash equivalents and investments) less any related bonds outstanding and accounts payable. The Authority's current assets are restricted in use for payment of bond issues outstanding.

### Significant Events

At fiscal year end, the Authority had \$8,336,724,364 in bonds outstanding, as compared to \$6,422,465,000 in the prior fiscal year - an increase of 29.74%. There was new debt incurred by the Authority during fiscal year 2006 in the amount of \$3,889,986,792. A total of \$188,745,000 in bond principal was retired by the annual debt service payments during the fiscal year. A total of \$1,791,455,000 in bond principal was refunded.

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2006

ACCETC	Special Revenue Fund	Other Funds (DSF)	Total Governmental Funds	Adjustments (Note G)	Statement of Net Assets
ASSETS Account receivable - State of New Jersey Cash and equivalents Investments Deferred loss on refunding of bonds	\$ 32,500,000 1,273,452,590 40,963,488	\$ 207,660 276,724	\$ 32,500,000 1,273,660,250 41,240,212	4,738,419	\$ 8,369,224,364 1,273,660,250 41,240,212 4,738,419
Unamortized bond issuance costs Total Assets	\$ 1,346,916,078	\$ 484,384	\$ 1,347,400,462	103,302,005 \$ 8,444,764,788	103,302,005 \$ 9,792,165,250
LIABILITIES Accrued interest payable Accounts payable - State of New Jersey Accounts payable - bond issuances Transportation system bonds payable: Due within one year Due after one year	\$ - 215,382,817 462,081	\$ - - -	\$ - 215,382,817 462,081	\$ 15,705,978 - - 225,925,000 8,110,799,364	\$ 15,705,978 215,382,817 462,081 225,925,000 8,110,799,364
Unamortized bond premium Total Liabilities	215,844,898		215,844,898	470,569,658 8,823,000,000	470,569,658 9,038,844,898
FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) Restricted for:					
Debt Service Deferred Charges Payment of state transportation systems cost Total Fund Balances/Net Assets (Deficit) Total Liabilities and Fund Balances/Net Assets (Deficit)	42,068,765 	484,384 	42,553,149 1,089,002,415 1,131,555,564 \$ 1,347,400,462	(378,235,212) 	42,553,149 (378,235,212) 1,089,002,415 753,320,352 \$ 9,792,165,250

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Special Revenue Fund		Other Funds (DSF)		Total Governmental Funds	Adjustments (Note G)	Statement of Activities
REVENUES					•		 	 
State appropriations equivalent to:								
Motor fuel taxes	\$	405,000,000	\$	_	\$	405,000,000	\$ -	\$ 405,000,000
Commercial vehicle fees and taxes		400,000,000		-		400,000,000	_	400,000,000
Interest income and investment return		23,728,280		962,497		24,690,777	_	24,690,777
Amortization of bond premium				_		**	 40,200,513	 40,200,513
Total revenues		828,728,280		962,497		829,690,777	 40,200,513	 869,891,290
EXPENDITURES								
Operating expenses and financial costs		437,516		895,179		1,332,695	_	1,332,695
State transportation costs		1,369,418,185		-		1,369,418,185	-	1,369,418,185
Debt Service:						, , ,		, , ,
Principal		-		188,745,000		188,745,000	(188,745,000)	a
Bond interest expense, including amortization of								
bond issuance costs and deferred loss on								
refunding		••		351,252,886		351,252,886	2,133,913	353,386,799
Bond interest expense, capital appreciation bonds							 4,472,572	 4,472,572
Total expenditures		1,369,855,701	•	540,893,065		1,910,748,766	 (182,138,515)	 1,728,610,251
Deficiency of revenues over expenses		(541,127,421)		(539,930,568)		(1,081,057,989)	 222,339,028	 (858,718,961)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Bonds issued		3,889,986,792		-		3,889,986,792	(3,889,986,792)	-
Bond premium		205,455,392		-		205,455,392	(205,455,392)	_
Transfers - internal activities		(540,093,296)		540,093,296		w	-	
Payments to escrow agent	(	(1,856,892,560)		-		(1,856,892,560)	1,856,892,560	<u></u>
Cost of issuance		(47,789,055)				(47,789,055)	 47,789,055	 
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,650,667,273		540,093,296		<u>2,190,760,569</u>	 (2,190,760,569)	 **
Change in fund balance/net assets		1,109,539,852		162,728		1,109,702,580	 (1,968,421,541)	 (858,718,961)
Fund balance/net deficit:								
Beginning of year		21,531,328		321,656		21,852,984	(425,613,035)	(403,760,051)
<sup>∞</sup> Current year bond activity, net		_				~	 2,015,799,364	 2,015,799,364
End of year	\$	1,131,071,180	\$	484,384	\$	1,131,555,564	\$ (378,235,212)	\$ 753,320,352

See notes to financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Nature of Authority

located in Ewing, New Jersey, was created by the State of New Jersey (the "State") in 1984 pursuant to the New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund Authority Act in order to provide a counties and municipalities for transportation system improvements. the New Jersey Department of Transportation. stable, predictable funding mechanism for transportation system improvements undertaken by NEW JERSEY TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND AUTHORITY (the "Authority"), The Authority also finances State aid to

### Basis of Accounting

purpose financial statements of the State The Authority is a component unit of the State of New Jersey and is included in the general

and financial reporting requirements for state and local governments. implemented this new financial reporting model in fiscal year 2002. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures. These statements establish new accounting Government: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 21 and 34 and Statement No. Governments, as amended by Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements - State and Local Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local In June 1999, Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued Statement No. 34, The Authority

principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting

statements The basic financial statements consist of government-wide and governmental fund financial

fund financial statements, which are linked together by the reconciliation The Authority, as a single program government, combines government-wide and governmental

measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenditures are recognized when incurred. The primary sources of revenues are surcharges, and commercial vehicle fees and taxes. appropriations received from the State of New Jersey from motor fuel taxes, good drivers' government-wide financial statements are prepared under the economic

measurement focus and on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded recognized when due. when measurable and available. The governmental fund financial statements are prepared under current financial resources The exception to this rule is that principal and interest on long-term debt are Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## ≻ SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Use of Estimates

actual results could differ from those estimates. estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. accepted in the United States of America for governmental units requires management to make The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally Accordingly,

### **Fund Accounts**

accounts maintained by the Authority: In accordance with the 1995 Bond Resolution, the Authority has established the following fund

Debt Service	Authority Reserve		Improvement	Transportation	Special Revenue Fund	Fund Accounts
Amounts needed to pay matured principal and interest on bonds.	Accounts for the operating expenditures of the Authority.	resources for payment of state transportation costs.	account for the accumulation of	by the Authority. Also used to	Deposit of all revenues received	Amount
Interest and principal on bonds	Operating expenditures			purposes	Expenditures for specific	Use for Which Restricted

### Income Taxes

As a public body, under existing statute, the Authority is exempt from both federal and state

### **Bond Issuance Costs**

charges (assets) and are amortized over the term of the related debt. In the government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are reported as deferred

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred

### **Bond Premium**

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are reported as deferred revenues (liabilities) and are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized as revenue when received.

### Restricted Net Assets

The amounts by which the restricted assets exceed the corresponding investments of all funds required under such bond resolutions are classified as restricted assets. liquidate are not available for the payment of current operating expenses In accordance with the terms of the various bond resolutions, cash and equivalents and liabilities they will

## **Unrestricted Net Assets**

compliance with appropriate legal requirements The unrestricted net assets represent resources available for current operating expenses in

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## -SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### Accounts Receivable

The following is a summary of receivables due from the State of New Jersey:

Due within one year
Due after one year

\$ 258,425,000 <u>8,110,799,364</u> <u>\$8,369,224,364</u>

## B. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or by any other agencies of the United States Management Fund ("NJCMF") or in institutions located in New Jersey which are insured by the that insure deposits. New Jersey statutes permit the deposit of public funds in the State of New Jersey Cash Cash and equivalents consist primarily of State of New Jersey cash management fund deposits.

funds that exceed insurance limits as follows: New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public

- (a) The market value of the collateral must equal 5% of the average daily balance of public
- 2
- 9 exceeding 75%. depository must provide collateral having a market value equal to 100% of the amount If the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

## **Custodial Credit Risk**

minimum requirements of the resolution grade AAA-rated securities, and direct and general obligations of any state that meets the that restrict investments to U.S. government securities, money market funds that invest in highbanks that are members of the Federal Reserve System, investments in cash management pools U.S. government or its agencies, investments in certain certificates of deposit of commercial the extension of project loans. of the Authority's bond resolutions for the payment of bond principal and interest expense and outside party. Cash and equivalents and investments are substantially restricted under the terms will not be able to recover the value of its cash and investments that are in the possession of an Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Authority The bond resolutions limit investments to obligations of the

The bank balances and amounts deposited in these accounts at June 30, 2006, were as follows:

New Jersey Cash Management Fund Commerce Bank

\$ 1,272,554,973 1,105,277

,273,660,250

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# B. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Custodial Credit Risk**

As of June 30, 2006, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

Total investments	US Treasury Notes	Agreement	Master Repurchase		
\$ 41,240,212	2,746,678	\$ 38,493,534		Value	Fair
\$ 41.240,212	2,746,678	\$ 38,493,534		Less than 1	
		<del>\$</del>		1-5	Investment Mat
59	1	<b>⇔</b>		6-10	tment Maturity (In Years)
\$	-	<del>\$</del>		More than 10	

an external investment pool, or are protected under the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Since the Authority's cash and equivalents and investments are all government securities, are in Act, they are not subject to custodial credit risk.

### **Interest Rate Risk**

investment. Because the Authority maintains investments in US Treasury Notes, it is subject to interest rate risk if interest rates fluctuate. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an

# C. TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM BONDS PAYABLE

outstanding: the transportation system in the State of New Jersey. The following is a summary of revenue bonds Bond resolutions have been adopted by the Authority for the purpose of making improvements to

\$ 225,925	\$ 8,336,724	\$ 1,980,200	\$ 3,894,459	\$ 6,422,465		Total
T.	(2.588,616)	-	(2.588,616)	_		bond accretion
				-		unamortized
						Less
225,925	10,925,340	1,980,200	6,483,075	6,422,465		
8,120	131,555	NA	131.555		5.00%	2006 A Garvee
t	3,708,585		3,708,585	·	4.93%-5.05%	2006 Series C
1	1	109,375	109,375		5.028%	2006 Series B
r	1,580,540	•	1,580,540	,	4.38%-5.50%	2006 Series A
1	465,910	487,110	953,020	1	4.13%-5.00%	2005 Series D
r	48,480	476,270	t	524,750	3.11%-4.38%	2005 Series C
1	1,213,140			1,213,140	3.60%-5.50%	2005 Series B
58,920	566,785		•	566,785	2.33%-3.76%	2005 Series A
24,265	849,800	,	r	849,800	2.50%-5.25%	2004 Series B
	107,495	146,325		253,820	3.25%-5.75%	2004 Series A
•	15,710	264,155	•	279,865	2.25%-5.50%	2003 Series C
·	345,000	2	1	345,000	3.675%	2003 Series B
3,990	320,300	3,835		324,135	4.00%-5.50%	2003 Series A
115,115	1,082,480	102,370	1	1,184,850	2.50%-5.75%	2001 Series C
•	9,625	147,710		157,335	4.50%-5.50%	2001 Series A
ŧ	•	17,995		17,995	5.00%-6.13%	2000 Series A
15,515	283,145	90,030	•	373,175	4.50%-5.75%	1999 Series A
1	102,830	26,600		129,430	4.25%-5.25%	1998 Series A
1	1	29,080	1	29,080	4.50%-6.00%	1997 Series A
•	t	31,070	1	31,070	4.75%-6.00%	1996 Series B
1	•	30,435	•	30,435	4.50%-6.00%	1996 Series A
•	93,960	ś	1	93,960	4.50%-7.00%	1995 Series B
<del>\$</del>	<b>€</b> 9	\$ 17,840	<del>\$</del>	\$ 17,840	5.00%-6.50%	1995 Series A
(in Millions)	June 30, 2006	(in Millions)	(in Millions)	June 30, 2005	Rate Range	Series
One Year	(in Millions)	Reductions	Additions	(in Millions)	Interest	
within	Outstanding			Outstanding		
Amounts Due	Bonds			Bonds		

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Ü TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Total maturities of transportation system bonds are as follows:

Accreted Interest - 2006 Series C Less unamortized bond accretion Total Bonds Payable	Total	2037	2032-2036	2027-2031	2022-2026	2017-2021	2012-2016	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	Year Ending June 30,	ı
4,472,572 (2,593,088,208) \$ 8,336,724,364	10,925,340,000	288,355,000	1,441,775,000	1,441,770,000	2,164,735,000	2,499,545,000	1,808,160,000	299,045,000	265,575,000	251,730,000	238,725,000	\$ 225,925,000		Principal
	\$ 3,985,987,469		ı	ı	121,528,694	796,951,451	1,327,392,457	320,451,932	334,953,599	348,242,225	361,010,283	\$ 375,456,828		Interest
	\$14,911,327,469	288,355,000	1,441,775,000	1,441,770,000	2,286,263,694	3,296,496,451	3,135,552,457	619,496,932	600,528,599	599,972,225	599,735,283	\$ 601,381,828		Total

All bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in annual installments through their final maturities.

New Jersey Legislature has no legal obligation to make such appropriations. appropriations being made from time to time by the State of New Jersey Legislature. The State of The bonds are secured primarily by revenues received by the Authority from the State of New The payment of all such revenues to the Authority is subject to and dependent upon

broker-dealers Series B bonds of a subseries outstanding bearing interest at the PARS rate unless converted by the to their maturity as long as after any conversion there are no less than \$10,000,000 of the 2003 The Periodic Auction Reset Securities ("PARS") may be converted to a fixed or variable rate prior

## 2006 Series A and B Refunding Bonds

In June 2006, the Authority issued \$1,580,540,000 of 2006 Series A Bonds and \$109,375,000 of 2006 Series B Bonds. The proceeds were used to refund \$1,791,455,000 of previously issued bonds and for the costs of issuance of the 2006 Series A Bonds.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## $\bigcirc$ TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

# 2006 Series A and B Refunding Bonds (Continued)

advanced refundings in 2006 in the amount of \$31,743,405 refunding. The present value of the debt service savings resulted in an economic gain from the unamortized deferred loss on refundings of bonds amounted to \$4,738,419 at June 30, 2006. and Financial Reporting for Refunding of Debt reported by Proprietary Activities." deferred and amortized over the life of the new debt. For financial statement purposes, the debt issued and the carrying amount of the debt refunded. The loss on defeasance is being recorded a loss on defeasance totaling \$36,560,994 representing the difference between the new Amortization of \$4,933,001 is included in amortization of cost of issuance and deferred loss on Authority follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 23, "Accounting As a result of the advance refundings during the year ended June 30, 2006, the Authority

## D. ADVANCE REFUNDINGS

achieve interest cost savings. various issues of bonds to provide for the refunding of previously issued obligations in order to When conditions warranted during the year ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, the Authority sold

outstanding bond issues or to deposit in an irrevocable escrow fund held by the Escrow Agent, an included in the Authority's financial statements. amount that, when combined with interest earnings thereon, will be at least equal to the sum of the on such date. first optional redemption date thereof and the premium required to redeem the bonds outstanding The proceeds received from the sales of the bond issues were used to currently refund the Accordingly, the Authority's assets and the liabilities for defeased bonds are not

reported in the year of the refunding, accrue to the respective participants. service during the term of the issues. These transactions defeased the outstanding bond issues with a resultant reduction in annual debt The savings, together with any accounting gain or loss to be

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# D. ADVANCE REFUNDINGS (CONTINUED)

Refunded bonds outstanding at June 30, 2006, are comprised of the following:

	2005 Series D	2005 Series C	2004 Series A	2003 Series C	2001 Series C	2001 Series B	2001 Series A	2000 Series A	1999 Series A	1998 Series A	1997 Series A	1996 Series B	1996 Series A	1995 Series B	Issue		
\$ 5,337,020,000	487,110,000	476,270,000	364,160,000	909,100,000	100,500,000	690,000,000	208,070,000	349,305,000	73,390,000	416,280,000	497,350,000	484,370,000	224,650,000	\$ 56,465,000	June 30, 2006	Outstanding	TIMOTHE TRACES

## E. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# Tax-Exempt Variable Rate Bonds, 2003 Issue

Series B, also known as Periodic Action Reset Securities ("PARS") on January 24, 2003, the is described below: Authority entered into a financial instrument contract with financial counterparties. The transaction In connection with its issuance of \$345,000,000 Tax-Exempt Variable Rate Bonds, 2003 issue,

## PARS Rate Instruments

receives the PARS Index rate as calculated at a daily auction conducted by Deutsche Bank and UBS Paine Webber, Inc. at fixed rates of interest on \$345,000,000. Under the terms of this transaction, the Authority pays Goldman Sachs & Co., Lehman Brothers In return, the Authority

swaps had a total fair value of \$13,859,041. other than the net interest expense resulting from the agreements. As of June 30, 2006, the In connection with the interest rate swaps, no amounts are recorded in the financial statements

## , X) CONCENTRATION OF RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

## Cash and Equivalents

insured limits. It historically has not experienced any credit-related losses. The Authority maintains cash and short-term investment balances which may exceed federally

## **Financial Instruments**

reducing the risk associated with changes in interest rates. These agreements are structured to enable variable rate bond proceeds to meet specific needs by As disclosed in Note E, the Authority's 2003 Series B bond issue utilized financial instruments.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 9 ADJUSTMENTS - RECONCILIATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unamortized bond issuance cost is recorded as deferred charges (other assets) in the statement expensed when incurred. Balances as of June 30, 2006, were: statement of activities. of net assets and is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization expense is recorded in the In governmental funds financial statements, bond issuance costs are

Amortization expense	Total unamortized bond issuance cost	Accumulated amortization	Bond issuance costs
\$ 7,662,818	\$ 103,302,005	(18,690,417)	\$ 121,992,422

(2) Long-term liabilities (bonds payable) applicable to the Authority's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. as of June 30, 2006, were: All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net assets. Balances

Total	Add bonds issued and accretion	Less principal payments and refunded debt	Bonds payable
\$ 8,336,724,364	3,894,459,364	(1,980,200,000)	\$ 6,422,465,000

3 Bond proceeds contribute to the change in fund balance in governmental funds. assets and does not affect the statements of activities. government-wide statements, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net Ħ

Proceeds were received from:

\$ 3,889,986,792	Total Proceeds
131,555,000	2006 A Garvee Bond
1,115,496,792	2006 Series C Bond
109,375,000	2006 Series B Bond
1,580,540,000	2006 Series A Bond
\$ 953,020,000	2005 Series D Bond

(4) Repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and thus made as follows: activities. liabilities in the statement of net assets and do not result in an expense in the statement of reduces the fund balance. Principal payments, including amounts required for refunding bond issues, were For the Authority as a whole, the principal payments reduce the

	Payments to escrow agent relating to refunding issues	Scheduled principal payments
\$ 2.045	1.856	\$ 188
5,637,560	5,892,560	188,745,000

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## <u>,</u> ADJUSTMENTS - RECONCILIATION OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE (CONTINUED) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(5) Unamortized bond premium is recorded as deferred revenue (other liabilities) in the statement recognized as revenue when received. Balances as of June 30, 2006, were: statement of activities. of net assets and is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization revenue is recorded in the In governmental funds financial statements, bond premiums are

Amortization revenue	Total unamortized bond premium	Accumulated amortization	Bond premium
\$ 40.200,513	\$ (470,569,658)	(87,969,646)	\$ (558,539,304)

(6) The adjustment related to current year bond activity, net, is comprised of the following:

Current year bond activity, net	Capital appreciation	Escrow agent transfers	Net bond proceeds	Bond issuance costs	Bond premium	Bond principal payment
\$ 2,015,799,364	4,472,572	166,977,560	2,190,760,569	47,789,055	(205,455,392)	\$ (188,745,000)

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Authority Reserve	Transportation Improvement	Total	Debt Service	Total
CASH BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2005	\$ 79	\$ 100,045	\$ 100,124	\$ 72,251	\$ 172,375
RECEIPTS:	<u> </u>	Ψ 100,012	<u>Ψ 100,1271</u>	<u> </u>	<u>v 172,515</u>
Motor fuel taxes	_	405,000,000	405,000,000	***	405,000,000
Commercial vehicle fees and taxes	**	400,000,000	400,000,000	v <del>.</del>	400,000,000
Interest income	3,141	23,725,139	23,728,280	962,497	24,690,777
Bond proceeds	_	2,190,760,569	2,190,760,569	-	2,190,760,569
Sale of cash management fund investment (Net)	68,130	-	68,130	<u></u>	68,130
Operating transfers in			<u> </u>	540,093,296	540,093,296
Total Receipts	71,271	3,019,485,708	3,019,556,979	541,055,793	3,560,612,772
DISBURSEMENTS:					
Operating expenses and financial costs	71,350	366,166	437,516	845,179	1,282,695
Bond interest expense	-	_	-	351,252,886	351,252,886
State transportation costs	-	1,358,000,000	1,358,000,000	-	1,358,000,000
Principal retirement of bonds payable	MAN .	-	-	188,745,000	188,745,000
Purchase of cash management fund investments	••	1,121,126,291	1,121,126,291	8,256	1,121,134,547
Purchase of investments	-	~~	-	276,723	276,723
Operating transfers out	_	540,093,296	540,093,296		540,093,296
Total Disbursements	71,350	3,019,585,753	3,019,657,103	541,128,044	3,560,785,147
CASH BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2006	\$	\$ -	\$	\$	\$

Note: Cash balances consist of checking account activity only.